



# STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS

## 21-127-01

### Harris Remodel

#### Structural Calculations

1640 72nd Ave SE  
Mercer Island, WA 98040

for

## Gelotte Hommas Drivdahl Architecture

June 24, 2022





**HARRIS REMODEL  
PERMIT REVISION CHANGES**

June 24, 2022

**PERMIT REVISION CHANGES**

The primary change affecting structural design from the 10/01/2021 Permit Set to the current set is the redesign of the NW corner of the home: the area below the new upper floor deck (between grid 3-4 and A-B) is to be enclosed to extend the interior first floor to add a new breakfast room.

Changes are outlined below:

1. Gravity Design:
  - a. Framing revisions have been made to NW corner to incorporate a new deck
  
2. Lateral Design:
  - a. New shearwall have been added along gridline 4 and A to support the exterior deck diaphragm
  - b. New Simpson Strong Wall has been added to gridline 1 to provide additional support along gridline 1 which alleviates loading into the existing shearwalls further east.



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## LOCATION

1640 72nd Ave SE  
Mercer Island, WA 98040

Latitude: 47.59513 °

Elevation: 338 ft

Longitude: -122.2419 °

## CODES, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS

- 2018 International Building Code w/ Local Amendments
- ASCE 7-16
- AISC 360-16
- AISC 341-16
- NDS 2018
- ACI 318-14
- TMS 402/602-16

## LOADING

Building Risk Category: II

### Live Load Design Criteria

Live Load	Reducible (R)	Min per ASCE 7 (psf)	Concentrated (lbs) <sup>1</sup>
One- and Two-Family Dwellings			
Uninhabitable attics without storage	R	10	
Uninhabitable attics with storage	R	20	
Habitable attics and sleeping areas	R	30	
All other areas except stairs	R	40	
Stairs			
One- and two-family dwellings	R	40	300
Balconies and Decks <sup>2</sup>			
	R	60	
Handrails and Guardrails <sup>3</sup>			
			200

1. Concentrated loads are distributed over an area of 2.5 ft x 2.5ft.
2. Live load equal to 1.5 times the live load for the area served. Not required to exceed 100 psf.
3. Per ASCE 7-16 Sec. 4.5.1, handrail and guardrail systems shall be designed to resist a single concentrated load of 200 lb applied in any direction at any point on the handrail or top rail to produce the maximum load effect and to transfer this load through the supports to the structure.



### Snow Design Criteria

Importance Factor.....	$I_s =$	1.00	
Exposure Factor.....	$C_e =$	1.00	[ASCE 7 Table 7-2]
Thermal Factor.....	$C_t =$	1.00	[ASCE 7 Table 7-3]
Ground Snow Load.....	$P_g =$	25.0 psf	[PER SEAW WHITE PAPER]
Flat Roof Snow Load.....	$P_f =$	25.0 psf	+5 psf rain-on-snow surcharge for TRELIS
Drifting not required			

### Wind Design Criteria

Method.....	Chapter 27: Directional Procedure (All Heights)		
Basic Wind Speed.....	$V =$	98 MPH	
Exposure Category.....	C		
Internal Pressure Coefficient.....	$+/-$	0.18	
Topographic Factor.....	$K_{zt} =$	1.00	
Components and Cladding.....	See attached calculations		

### Seismic Design Criteria

#### Seismic Design Criteria

Importance Factor.....	$I_e =$	1.00
Site Class.....	D	
Short Period Site Coef.....	$F_a =$	1.20
Long Period Site Coef.....	$F_v =$	1.82

#### Site Response Accelerations

Mapped Spectral Response Acceleration(Short).....	$S_s =$	1.38g
Mapped Spectral Response Acceleration(1 sec).....	$S_1 =$	0.48g
Design Spectral Response Acceleration(Short).....	$S_{DS} =$	1.10g
Design Spectral Response Acceleration(1 sec).....	$S_{D1} =$	0.58g

#### Structural Design Coefficients and Factors

Vertical System.....	15. Light-framed (wood) walls sheathed with wood	
Horizontal System.....	Plywood Diaphragms	
Response Modification Coefficient.....	$R =$	6.5
Overstrength Factor.....	$\Omega_o =$	3
Deflection Amplification Factor.....	$C_d =$	4
Seismic Response Coefficient.....	$C_s =$	0.17



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## Dead Loads

### Roof:

Finish (shingles)	3.0 psf
Roof truss	3.0 psf
R49 Batt Insulation (Assume 14" @ 0.5 psf/in)	7.0 psf
Ceiling finish (5/8" gypsum)	2.5 psf
Misc.	2.5 psf
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>18 psf</b>

### Floor:

Finish	3.0 psf
(N) Plywood subfloor	2.3 psf
(E) Plywood subfloor	2.3 psf
2x8 Joists @ 16" o.c.	1.9 psf
TJls @ 16" o.c.	1.9 psf
Ceiling finish (5/8" gypsum)	2.5 psf
Misc.	4.1 psf
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>18 psf</b>

### Deck:

Pavers on pedestals (Assume 2" thick)	25.8 psf
(2) layers of plywood sheathing	4.6 psf
(2) 3x10 GLB @ 32" o.c.	4.0 psf
2x4 @ 16" o.c.	0.9 psf
Misc.	0.7 psf
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>36 psf</b>

### Walls:

2x6s @ 16" o.c., 5/8" gypsum, insulated w/ 3/8" siding	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>12 psf</b>

### Trellis:

Glass roof (Assume 3/4" thick @ 150 pcf)	10.0 psf
(2) 3x6 @ 32" o.c.	2.4 psf
Misc.	0.6 psf
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>13 psf</b>



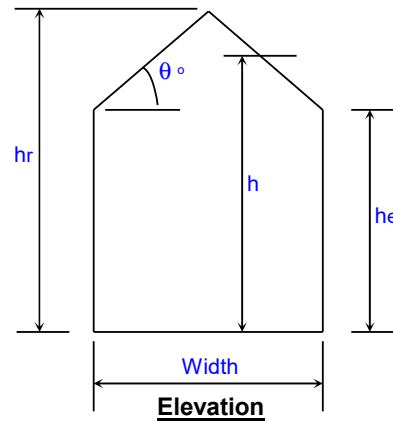
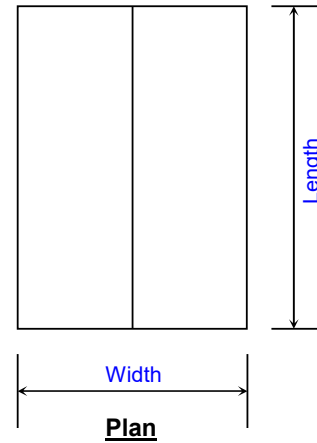
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**INPUTS**

ASCE 7-16, Chapters 27 and 30

**Building and Site Information**

Wind Speed, V	98	mph	[Fig. 26.5-1A-D]
Bldg. Classification	II		[Tab. 1.5-1]
Exposure Category	C		[Sec. 26.7]
Ridge Height, $h_r$	32.00	ft	
Eave Height, $h_e$	25.00	ft	
Building Width	40.00	ft	[Normal to Ridge]
Building Length	70.00	ft	[Parallel to Ridge]
Roof Type	Hip		
Topo. Factor, $K_{zt}$	1.00		[Sec. 26.8, Fig. 26.8-1]
Direct. Factor, $K_d$	0.85		[Tab. 26.6-1]
Ground Elev. Factor, $K_e$	1.00		[Sec. 26.9, Tab. 26.9-1]
Enclosed? (Y/N)	Y		[Sec. 26.2]
Hurricane Region?	N		
Damping Ratio, b	0.050		
Period Coef., $C_t$	0.0350		





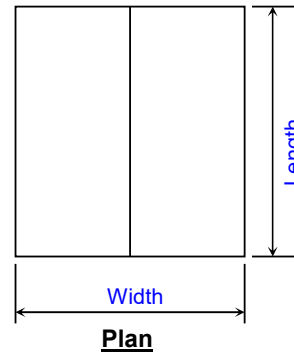
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## Wind Loading Analysis - Wall Components & Cladding

ASCE 7-16, Chapter 30 - Part 1 (Low-Rise Buildings) and Part 3 (Buildings with  $h > 60'$ )

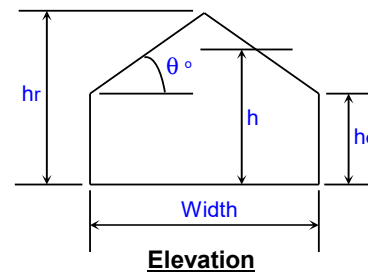
### Building and Site Information

V	98	mph	[Fig. 26.5-1A-D]
Bldg. Class.	II		[Tab. 1.5-1]
Exp. Cat.	C		[Sec. 26.7]
$h_r$	32.00	ft	
$h_e$	25.00	ft	
Width	40.00	ft	
Length	70.00	ft	
Roof Type	Hip		
$K_{zt}$	1.00		[Sec. 26.8, Fig. 26.8-1]
$K_d$	0.85		[Tab. 26.6-1]
$K_e$	1.00		[Sec. 26.9, Tab. 26.9-1]
Enclosed?	Y		[Sec. 26.2]



### Resulting Parameters and Coefficients:

$\theta$	19.29	deg	
h	28.50	ft	
$A_e = 10 \text{ ft}^2$	$A_e = 500 \text{ ft}^2$		
+GC <sub>p</sub>	1.00	0.70	Zone 4 [Fig. 30.3-1]
+GC <sub>p</sub>	1.00	0.70	Zone 5 [Fig. 30.3-1]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	-1.10	-0.80	Zone 4 [Fig. 30.3-1]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	-1.40	-0.80	Zone 5 [Fig. 30.3-1]
+(GC <sub>pi</sub> )	0.18		[Tab. 26.13-1]
-(GC <sub>pi</sub> )	-0.18		[Tab. 26.13-1]
$\alpha$	9.50		[Tab. 26.11-1]
$z_g$	900	ft	[Tab. 26.11-1]
$K_h$	0.97		[Tab. 26.10-1]
$K_e$	1.00		[Sec. 26.9, Tab. 26.9-1]
$q_h$	20.31	psf	[Eq. 26.10-1]





**Design Net External Wind Pressures (Sect. 30.4 & 30.6):***[Sec. 30.4 and 30.6]*

<b>Wind Load Tabulation for Wall Components &amp; Cladding</b>						
Component	A <sub>e</sub> (ft <sup>2</sup> )	z (ft)	p = Net Design Pressures (psf)			
			Zone 4 (+)	Zone 4 (-)	Zone 5 (+)	Zone 5 (-)
Representative Areas for General Use evaluated at z = h ]	10	32.00	<b>24.0</b>	<b>-26.0</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>-32.1</b>
	20	32.00	<b>22.9</b>	<b>-24.9</b>	<b>22.9</b>	<b>-29.9</b>
	30	32.00	<b>22.3</b>	<b>-24.3</b>	<b>22.3</b>	<b>-28.7</b>
	40	32.00	<b>21.8</b>	<b>-23.8</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>-27.8</b>
	50	32.00	<b>21.5</b>	<b>-23.5</b>	<b>21.5</b>	<b>-27.1</b>
	75	32.00	<b>20.8</b>	<b>-22.9</b>	<b>20.8</b>	<b>-25.8</b>
	100	32.00	<b>20.4</b>	<b>-22.4</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>-24.9</b>
	200	32.00	<b>19.3</b>	<b>-21.3</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>-22.8</b>
	500	32.00	<b>17.9</b>	<b>-19.9</b>	<b>17.9</b>	<b>-19.9</b>
Ex: 1st Flr Stud	36	32.00	<b>22.0</b>	<b>-24.0</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>-28.1</b>
Ex: Eave Nail	8	32.00	<b>24.0</b>	<b>-26.0</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>-32.1</b>
Component	50	32.00	<b>21.5</b>	<b>-23.5</b>	<b>21.5</b>	<b>-27.1</b>
Component	25	32.00	<b>22.5</b>	<b>-24.6</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>-29.2</b>

**Footnotes:**

- <sup>1</sup> (+) and (-) signs signify wind pressures acting toward & away from respective surfaces.
- <sup>2</sup> Width of Zone 5 (end zones), 'a' = 4.00 ft.
- <sup>3</sup> Per Code Section 30.2.2, the minimum wind load for C&C shall not be less than 16 psf.



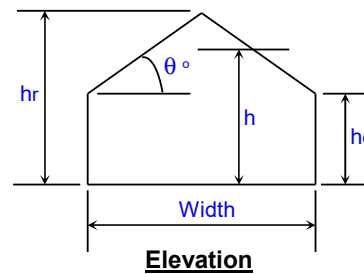
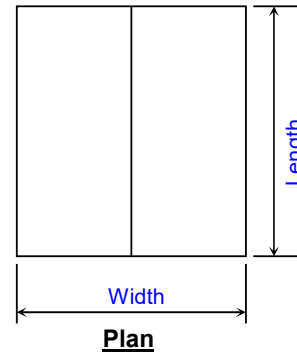
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### Wind Loading Analysis - Roof Components & Cladding

ASCE 7-16, Chapter 30 - Part 1 (Low-Rise Buildings) and Part 3 (Buildings with  $h > 60'$ )

#### Building and Site Information

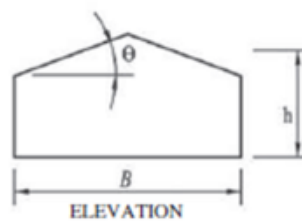
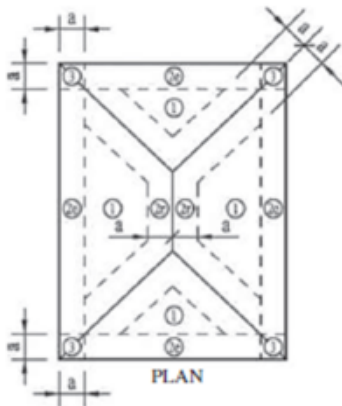
V	98	mph	[Fig. 26.5-1A-D]
Bldg. Class.	II		[Tab. 1.5-1]
Exp. Cat.	C		[Sec. 26.7]
$h_r$	32.00	ft	
$h_e$	25.00	ft	
Width	40.00	ft	
Length	70.00	ft	
Roof Type	Hip		
$K_{zt}$	1.00		[Sec. 26.8, Fig. 26.8-1]
$K_d$	0.85		[Tab. 26.6-1]
$K_e$	1.00		[Sec. 26.9, Tab. 26.9-1]
Enclosed?	Y		[Sec. 26.2]



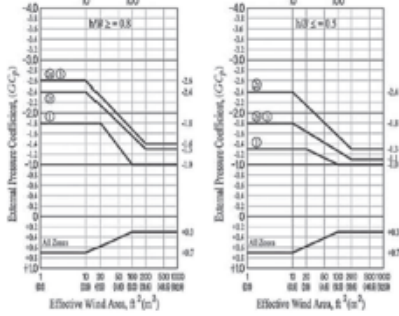
#### Resulting Parameters and Coefficients:

$\theta$	19.29	deg
h	28.50	ft

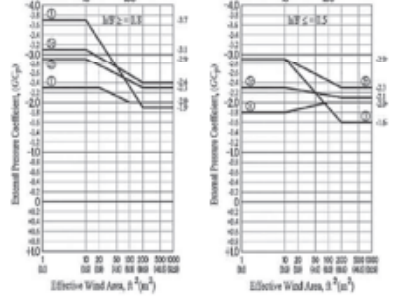
Figure 30.3-2E-F applies.



External Pressure Coefficients



External Pressure Coefficients



Notes

1. Vertical scale denotes (GC<sub>p</sub>) to be used with q<sub>w</sub>.
2. Horizontal scale denotes effective wind area, in ft<sup>2</sup> (m<sup>2</sup>).
3. Plus and minus signs signify pressures acting toward and away from the surfaces, respectively.
4. Each component shall be designed for maximum positive and negative pressures.
5. Values of (GC<sub>p</sub>) for roof overhangs include pressure contributions from both upper and lower surfaces.
6. If overhangs exist, the lesser horizontal dimension of the building shall not include any overhang dimension, but the edge distance, *a*, shall be measured from the outside edge of the overhang.
7. Interpolation of (GC<sub>p</sub>) between the two different *h/B* values is required for 0.5 < *h/B* < 0.8.
8. *B* for Zone 3 is the 1 east horizontal dimension. *B* for Zones 1 and 2e is normal to the building width normal to the eave defining Zone 2e.

	$A_e = 10 \text{ ft}^2$	$A_e = 100 \text{ ft}^2$	$A_e = 500 \text{ ft}^2$		
+GC <sub>p</sub>	0.70	0.30	0.30	All Zones	[30.3-2E-F]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Zone 1'	[N.A.]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	-1.65	-1.00	-1.00	Zone 1	[30.3-2E-F]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Zone 2	[N.A.]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	-2.37	-1.56	-1.31	Zone 2e	[30.3-2E-F]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	-2.40	-1.55	-1.30	Zone 2r	[30.3-2E-F]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Zone 2n	[N.A.]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	-2.37	-1.56	-1.31	Zone 3	[30.3-2E-F]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Zone 3r	[N.A.]
-GC <sub>p</sub>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Zone 3e	[N.A.]
+(GC <sub>pi</sub> )	0.18		[Tab. 26.13-1]		
-(GC <sub>pi</sub> )	-0.18		[Tab. 26.13-1]		
α	9.50		[Tab. 26.11-1]		
z <sub>g</sub>	900	ft	[Tab. 26.11-1]		
K <sub>h</sub>	0.97		[Tab. 26.10-1]		
K <sub>e</sub>	1.00		[Sec. 26.9, Tab. 26.9-1]		
q <sub>h</sub>	20.31	psf	[Eq. 26.10-1]		

**Design Net External Wind Pressures (Sect. 30.3 & 30.5):***[Sec. 30.3 and 30.5]***Wind Load Tabulation for Roof Components & Cladding**

Component	A <sub>e</sub> (ft <sup>2</sup> )	z (ft)	p = Net Design Pressures (psf)				
			All Zones (+)	Zone 1' (-)	Zone 1 (-)	Zone 2 (-)	Zone 2e (-)
Representative Areas for General Use evaluated at z = h ]	10	32.00	<b>17.9</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-37.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-51.7</b>
	20	32.00	<b>15.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-37.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-46.8</b>
	30	32.00	<b>14.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-33.9</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-43.9</b>
	40	32.00	<b>13.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-31.5</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-41.8</b>
	50	32.00	<b>12.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-29.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-40.2</b>
	75	32.00	<b>10.8</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-26.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-37.3</b>
	100	32.00	<b>9.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-24.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-35.3</b>
	200	32.00	<b>9.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-24.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-30.3</b>
	500	32.00	<b>9.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-24.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-30.3</b>
Ex: Ridge Beam	80	32.00	<b>10.5</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-25.8</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-36.9</b>
Ex: Edge Nail	10	32.00	<b>17.9</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-37.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-51.7</b>
Component	50	32.00	<b>12.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-29.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-40.2</b>
Component	25	32.00	<b>14.6</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-35.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-45.2</b>

Component	A <sub>e</sub> (ft <sup>2</sup> )	z (ft)	p = Net Design Pressures (psf)				
			Zone 2r (-)	Zone 2n (-)	Zone 3 (-)	Zone 3r (-)	Zone 3e (-)
Representative Areas for General Use evaluated at z = h ]	10	32.00	<b>-52.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-51.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	20	32.00	<b>-47.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-46.8</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	30	32.00	<b>-44.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-43.9</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	40	32.00	<b>-42.1</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-41.8</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	50	32.00	<b>-40.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-40.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	75	32.00	<b>-37.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-37.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	100	32.00	<b>-35.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-35.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	200	32.00	<b>-30.1</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-30.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	500	32.00	<b>-30.1</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-30.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
Ex: Ridge Beam	80	32.00	<b>-36.9</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-36.9</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
Ex: Edge Nail	10	32.00	<b>-52.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-51.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
Component	50	32.00	<b>-40.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-40.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
Component	25	32.00	<b>-45.6</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-45.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>

**Footnotes:**<sup>1</sup> (+) and (-) signs signify wind pressures acting toward & away from respective surfaces.<sup>2</sup> 'a' = 4.00 ft.<sup>3</sup> Per Code Section 30.2.2, the minimum wind load for C&C shall not be less than 16 psf.

**Design Net External Wind Pressures (Sect. 30.3 & 30.5):***[Sec. 30.3 and 30.5]***Wind Load Tabulation for Overhang Components & Cladding**

Component	A <sub>e</sub> (ft <sup>2</sup> )	z (ft)	p = Net Design Pressures (psf)				
			All Zones (+)	Zone 1' (-)	Zone 1 (-)	Zone 2 (-)	Zone 2e (-)
Representative Areas for General Use evaluated at z = h ]	10	32.00	<b>17.9</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-47.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-61.9</b>
	20	32.00	<b>15.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-47.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-59.3</b>
	30	32.00	<b>14.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-46.6</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-57.7</b>
	40	32.00	<b>13.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-46.1</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-56.7</b>
	50	32.00	<b>12.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-45.6</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-55.8</b>
	75	32.00	<b>10.8</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-44.8</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-54.3</b>
	100	32.00	<b>9.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-44.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-53.2</b>
	200	32.00	<b>9.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-44.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-50.6</b>
	500	32.00	<b>9.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-44.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-50.6</b>
Ex: Ridge Beam	80	32.00	<b>10.5</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-44.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-54.1</b>
Ex: Edge Nail	10	32.00	<b>17.9</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-47.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-61.9</b>
Component	50	32.00	<b>12.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-45.6</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-55.8</b>
Component	25	32.00	<b>14.6</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-47.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-58.4</b>

Component	A <sub>e</sub> (ft <sup>2</sup> )	z (ft)	p = Net Design Pressures (psf)				
			Zone 2r (-)	Zone 2n (-)	Zone 3 (-)	Zone 3r (-)	Zone 3e (-)
Representative Areas for General Use evaluated at z = h ]	10	32.00	<b>-62.5</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-74.1</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	20	32.00	<b>-59.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-66.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	30	32.00	<b>-58.1</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-61.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	40	32.00	<b>-56.9</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-58.5</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	50	32.00	<b>-56.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-56.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	75	32.00	<b>-54.3</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-51.5</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	100	32.00	<b>-53.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-48.2</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	200	32.00	<b>-50.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-40.5</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
	500	32.00	<b>-50.4</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-40.5</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
Ex: Ridge Beam	80	32.00	<b>-54.1</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-50.7</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
Ex: Edge Nail	10	32.00	<b>-62.5</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-74.1</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
Component	50	32.00	<b>-56.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-56.0</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>
Component	25	32.00	<b>-58.8</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>-63.8</b>	<b>N.A.</b>	<b>N.A.</b>

**Footnotes:**<sup>1</sup> (+) and (-) signs signify wind pressures acting toward & away from respective surfaces.<sup>2</sup> 'a' = 4.00 ft.<sup>3</sup> Per Code Section 30.2.2, the minimum wind load for C&C shall not be less than 16 psf.

# ATC Hazards by Location

## Search Information

**Address:** 1640 72nd Ave SE, Mercer Island, WA 98040, USA

**Coordinates:** 47.5951293, -122.2418635

**Elevation:** 36 ft

**Timestamp:** 2021-08-27T17:30:47.122Z

**Hazard Type:** Seismic

**Reference Document:** ASCE7-16

**Risk Category:** II

**Site Class:** D-default



## Basic Parameters

Name	Value	Description
$S_S$	1.379	$MCE_R$ ground motion (period=0.2s)
$S_1$	0.481	$MCE_R$ ground motion (period=1.0s)
$S_{MS}$	1.655	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
$S_{M1}$	* null	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
$S_{DS}$	1.103	Numeric seismic design value at 0.2s SA
$S_{D1}$	* null	Numeric seismic design value at 1.0s SA

\* See Section 11.4.8

## ▼Additional Information

Name	Value	Description
SDC	* null	Seismic design category
$F_a$	1.2	Site amplification factor at 0.2s
$F_v$	* null	Site amplification factor at 1.0s
$CR_S$	0.903	Coefficient of risk (0.2s)
$CR_1$	0.896	Coefficient of risk (1.0s)
PGA	0.59	$MCE_G$ peak ground acceleration
$F_{PGA}$	1.2	Site amplification factor at PGA
$PGA_M$	0.708	Site modified peak ground acceleration

T <sub>L</sub>	6	Long-period transition period (s)
SsRT	1.379	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion (0.2s)
SsUH	1.528	Factored uniform-hazard spectral acceleration (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years)
SsD	2.994	Factored deterministic acceleration value (0.2s)
S1RT	0.481	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion (1.0s)
S1UH	0.536	Factored uniform-hazard spectral acceleration (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years)
S1D	1.242	Factored deterministic acceleration value (1.0s)
PGAd	1.044	Factored deterministic acceleration value (PGA)

\* See Section 11.4.8

*The results indicated here DO NOT reflect any state or local amendments to the values or any delineation lines made during the building code adoption process. Users should confirm any output obtained from this tool with the local Authority Having Jurisdiction before proceeding with design.*

## Disclaimer

Hazard loads are provided by the U.S. Geological Survey [Seismic Design Web Services](#).

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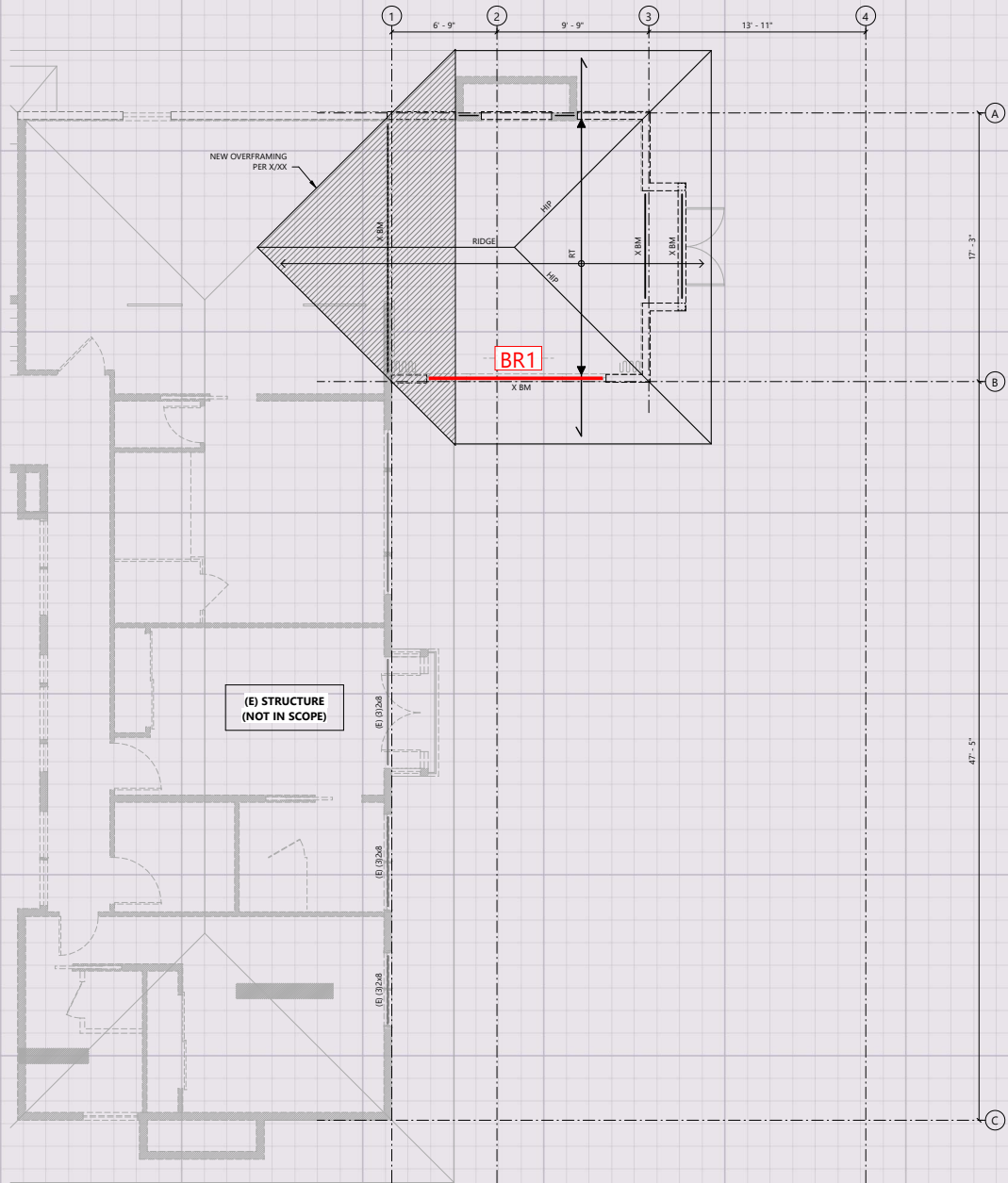
**BEAM KEY**



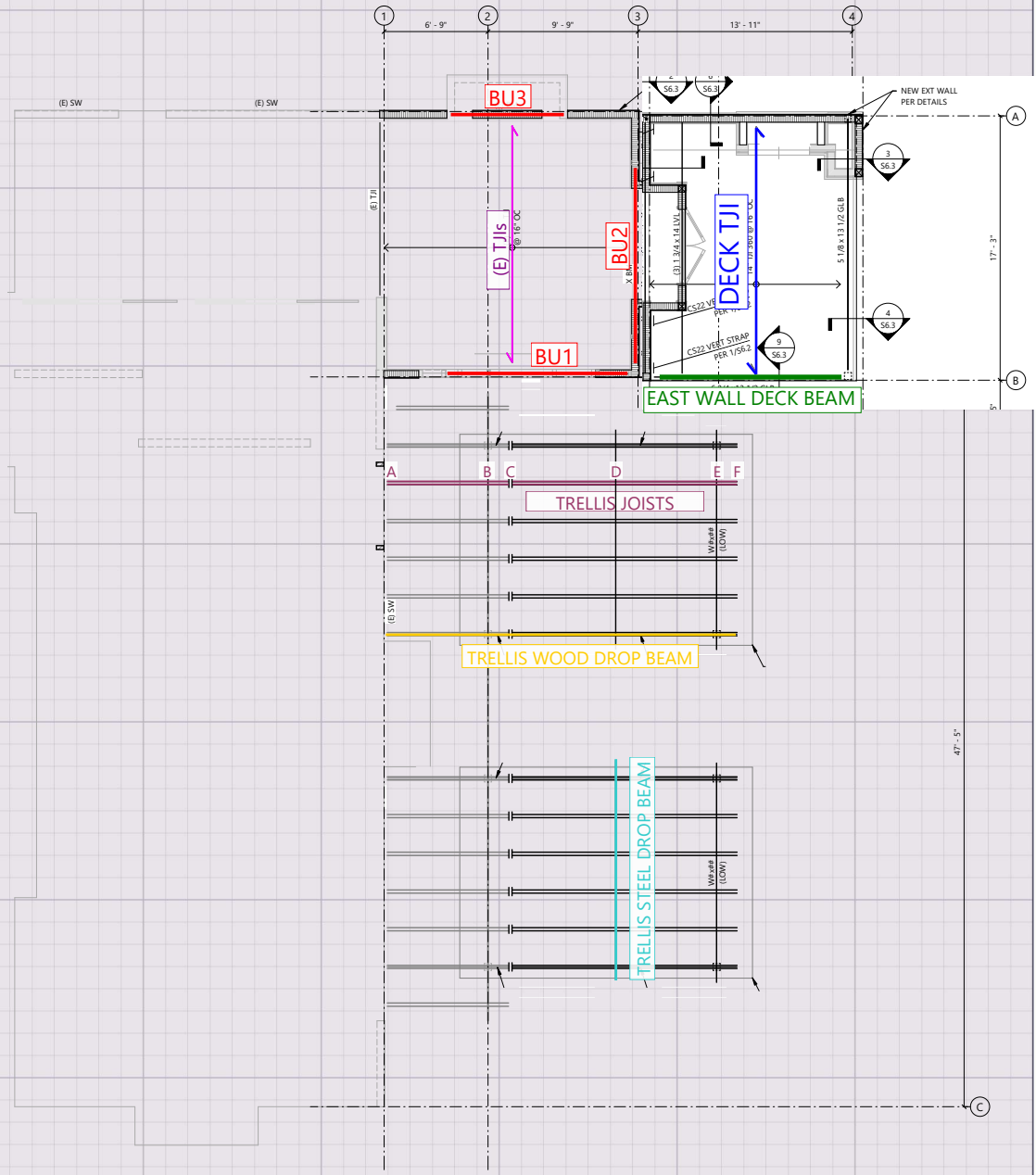


Project \_\_\_\_\_ Sheet \_\_\_\_\_  
Subject \_\_\_\_\_  
Client \_\_\_\_\_ Page No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Designer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
www.lundopsahl.com | Tel: 206.402.5156

# BEAM KEY: ROOF LEVEL



# BEAM KEY: UPPER LEVEL / DECK / TRELLIS

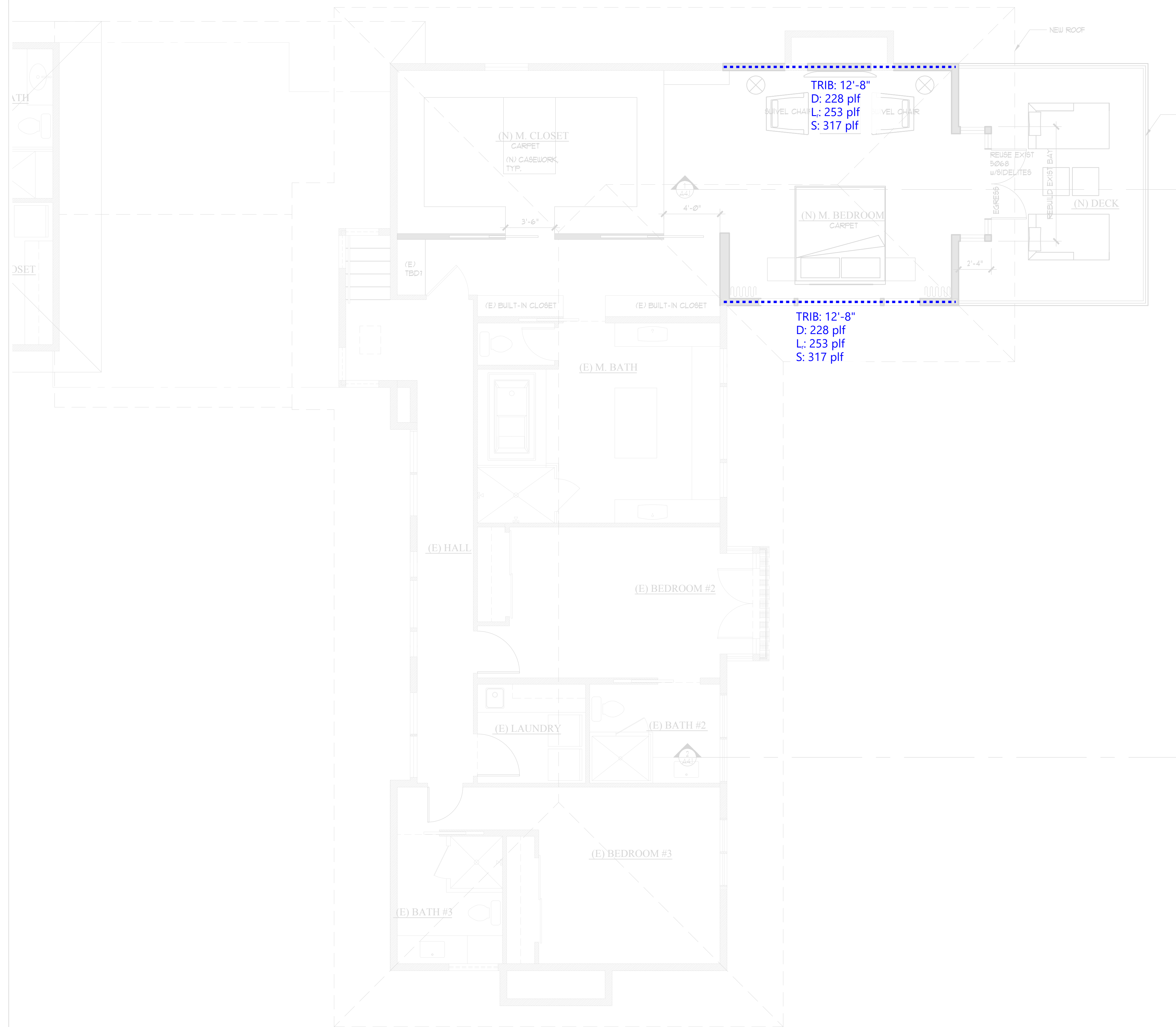


1 UPPER LEVEL FRAMING PLAN  
 Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"





# GRAVITY LOAD TRACE



**GRAVITY TRACE:**

**ROOF**  
 D: 18 psf  
 L<sub>r</sub>: 20 psf  
 S: 25 psf

HARRIS REMODEL  
 1640 72ND AVE SE  
 MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040

Job No. 2110  
 Project Manager: TB  
 Issue Date: 08/19/2021

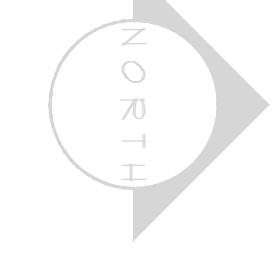
NO.	DATE	REVISION

UPPER FLOOR PLAN

**A2.3**

**ROOF PLAN**

**1** PROPOSED UPPER FLOOR PLAN  
 SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"





# GRAVITY TRACE:

## UPPER FLOOR

D: 18 psf  
L: 40 psf

## WALLS

D: 12 psf

## DECK

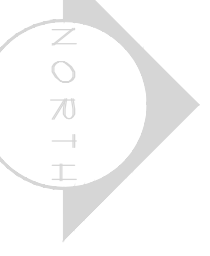
D: 42 psf  
L: 60 psf  
S: 30 psf

## TRELLIS

D: 28 psf  
S: 30 psf

# UPPER FLOOR PLAN

1 PROPOSED UPPER FLOOR PLAN SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



Job No.	2110	
Project Manager:	TB	
Issue Date:	08/19/2021	
NO.	DATE	REVISION

LEGEND

- EXISTING WALLS
- NEW WALLS

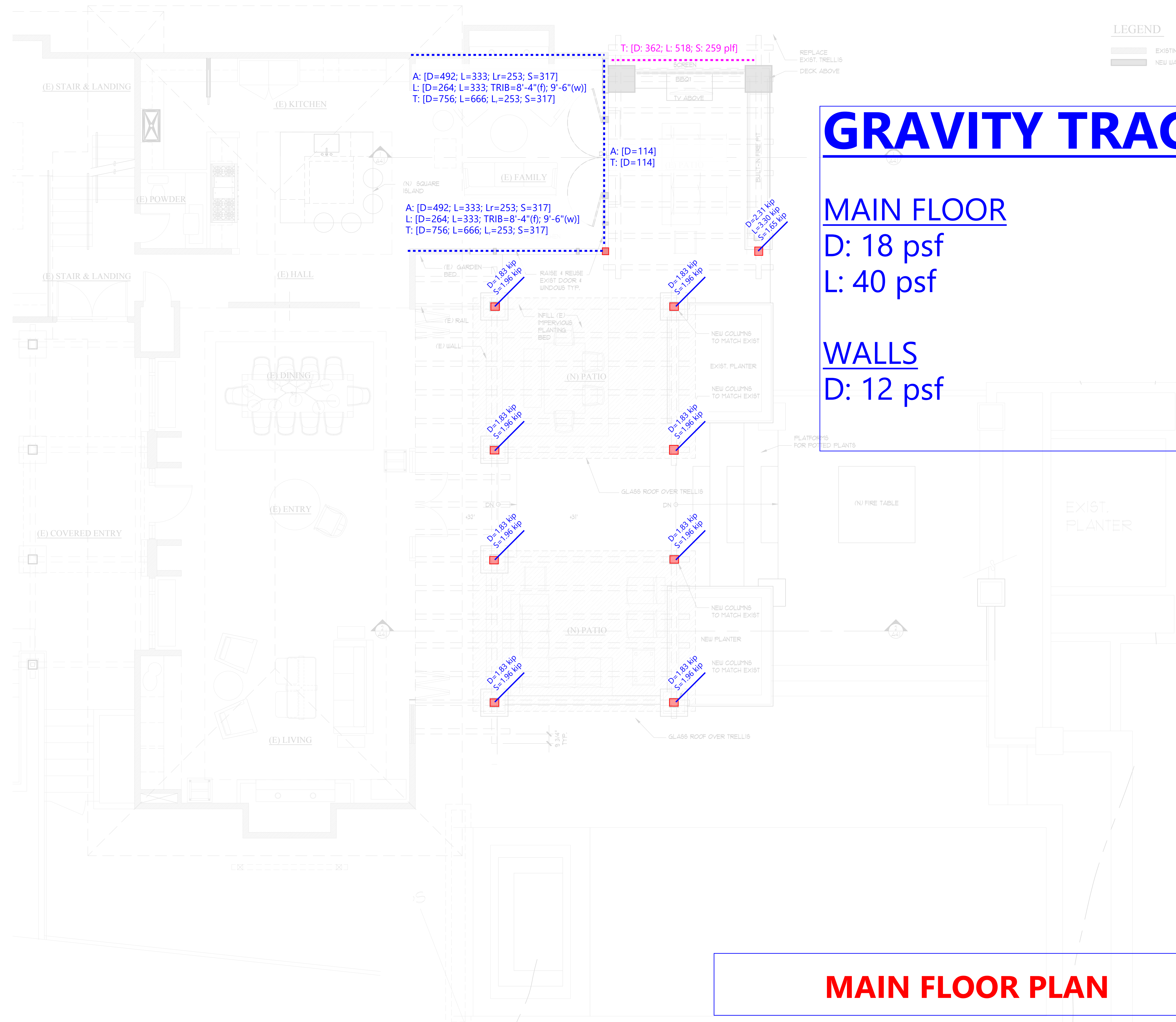
# GRAVITY TRACE:

## MAIN FLOOR

D: 18 psf  
L: 40 psf

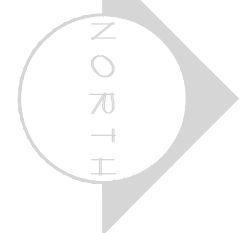
## WALLS

D: 12 psf



# MAIN FLOOR PLAN

1 PROPOSED MAIN FLOOR PLAN  
SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



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MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040

Job No. 2110  
Project Manager: TB  
Issue Date: 08/13/2021

NO.	DATE	REVISION

MAIN FLOOR PLAN

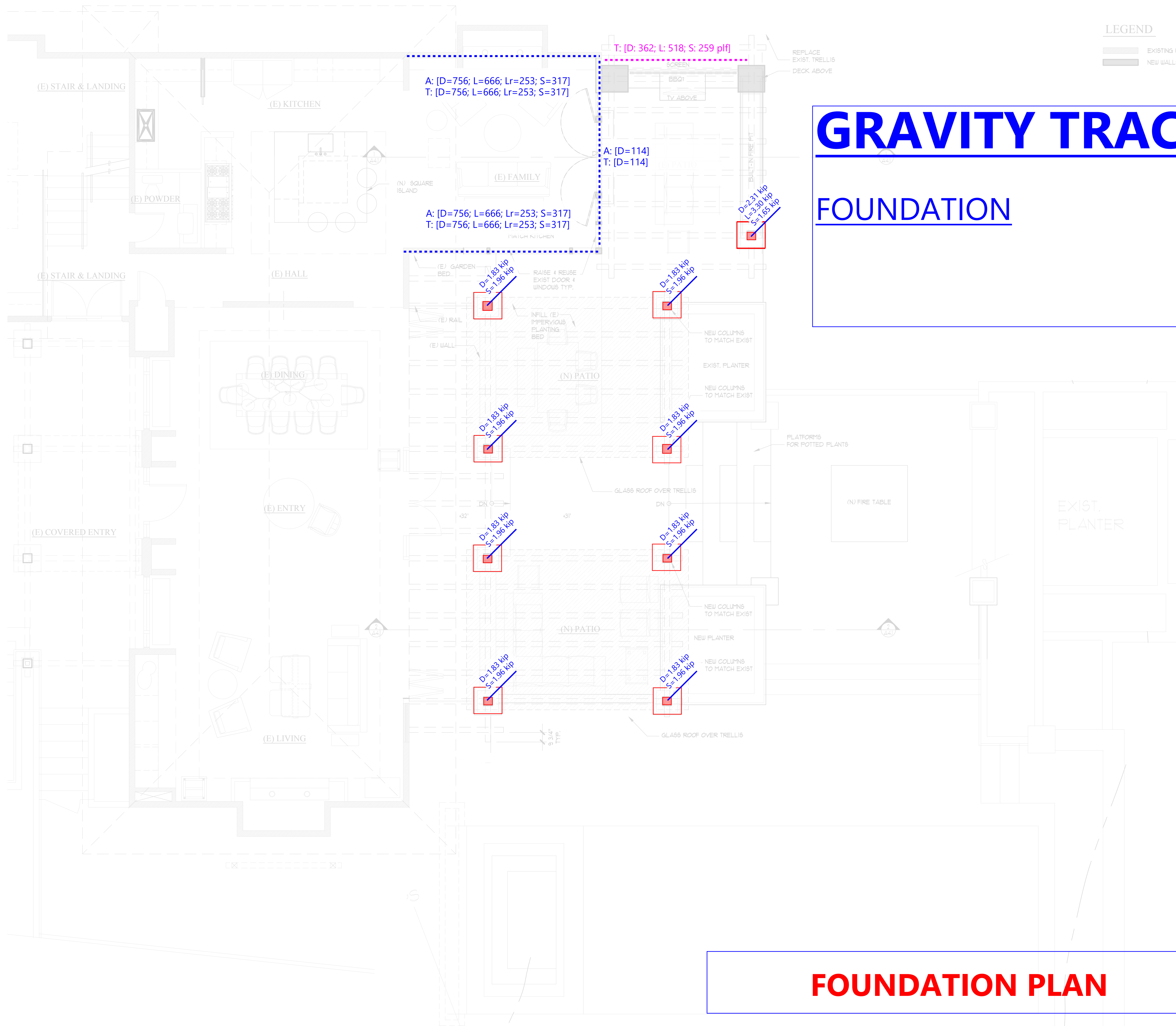
# A2.2

LEGEND

- EXISTING WALLS
- NEW WALLS

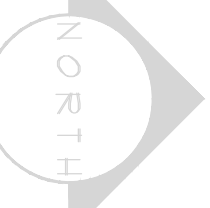
# GRAVITY TRACE:

## FOUNDATION



# FOUNDATION PLAN

1 PROPOSED MAIN FLOOR PLAN  
SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



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 MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040

Job No.	2110
Project Manager	TB
Issue Date	08/13/2021

NO.	DATE	REVISION

MAIN FLOOR PLAN

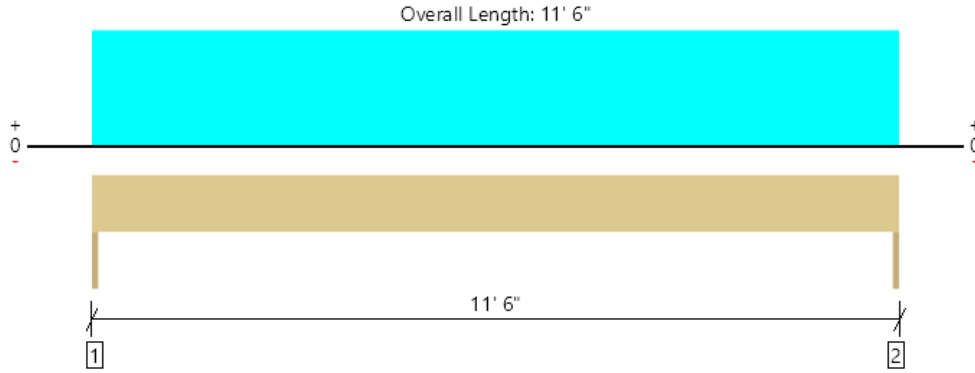
A2.2



# **ROOF AND UPPER FLOOR BEAM DESIGN**



Roof, BR1: Header  
2 piece(s) 1 3/4" x 9 1/4" 2.0E Microllam® LVL



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	3186 @ 0	3938 (1.50")	Passed (81%)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	2690 @ 10 3/4"	7074	Passed (38%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	9160 @ 5' 9"	12884	Passed (71%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.289 @ 5' 9"	0.383	Passed (L/478)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.505 @ 5' 9"	0.575	Passed (L/273)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Wall  
Member Type : Header  
Building Use : Residential  
Building Code : IBC 2018  
Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)				Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Roof Live	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	1365	1457	1821	4643	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	1365	1457	1821	4643	None

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	11' 6" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	11' 6" o/c	

•Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Vertical Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Roof Live (non-snow: 1.25)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 11' 6"	N/A	9.4	--	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 11' 6"	12' 8"	18.0	20.0	25.0	

**Weyerhaeuser Notes**

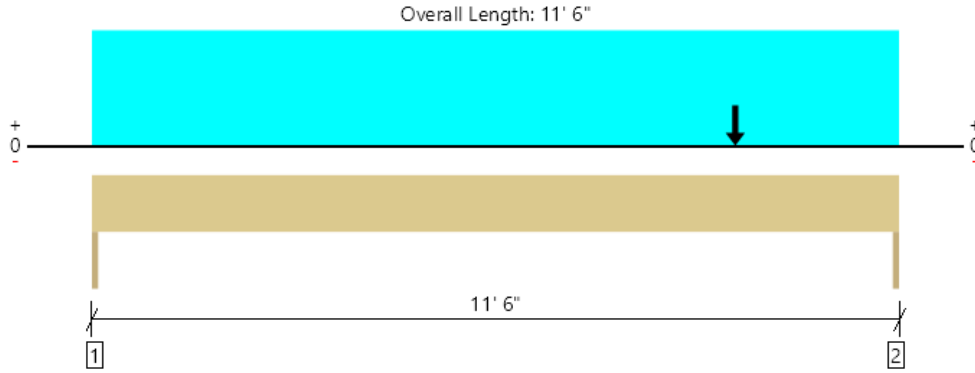
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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by CRC

ForteWEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Chris Catron Lund Opsahl (206) 402-5156 ccatron@lundopsahl.com	



Upper Floor, BU1 : Header  
3 piece(s) 1 3/4" x 9 1/4" 2.0E Microllam® LVL



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	5212 @ 11' 6"	5906 (1.50")	Passed (88%)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	4739 @ 10' 7 1/4"	10611	Passed (45%)	1.15	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	11759 @ 6' 2 7/16"	16806	Passed (70%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.218 @ 5' 11 9/16"	0.383	Passed (L/633)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.453 @ 5' 11 1/2"	0.575	Passed (L/304)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)

System : Wall  
Member Type : Header  
Building Use : Residential  
Building Code : IBC 2018  
Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)					Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Roof Live	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	1876	1915	296	369	4456	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	2687	1915	1161	1452	7215	None

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	11' 6" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	11' 6" o/c	

•Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Vertical Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Roof Live (non-snow: 1.25)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 11' 6"	N/A	14.2	--	--	--	
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 11' 6"	N/A	264.0	333.0	-	-	
2 - Point (lb)	9' 2"	N/A	1365	-	1457	1821	Linked from: BR1: Header, Support 2

**Weyerhaeuser Notes**

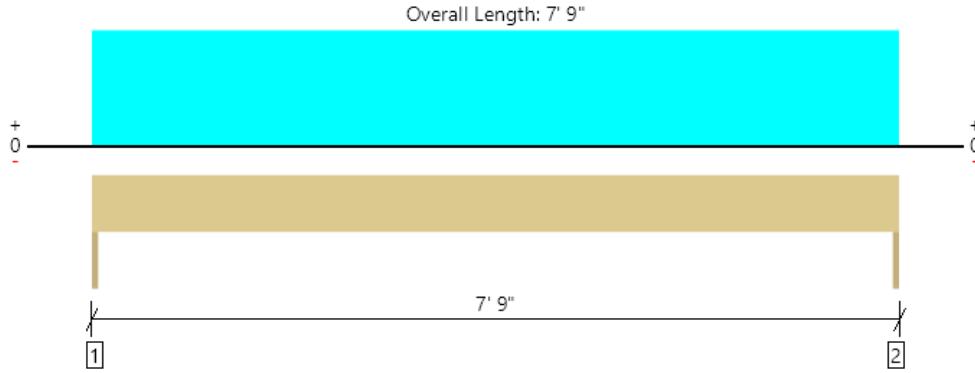
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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by CRC

ForteWEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Chris Catron Lund Opsahl (206) 402-5156 ccatron@lundopsahl.com	



Upper Floor, BU2 : Header  
2 piece(s) 1 3/4" x 9 1/4" 2.0E Microllam® LVL



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	3832 @ 0	3938 (1.50")	Passed (97%)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	2946 @ 10 3/4"	7074	Passed (42%)	1.15	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	7425 @ 3' 10 1/2"	12884	Passed (58%)	1.15	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.099 @ 3' 10 1/2"	0.258	Passed (L/942)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.200 @ 3' 10 1/2"	0.387	Passed (L/464)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)

System : Wall  
Member Type : Header  
Building Use : Residential  
Building Code : IBC 2018  
Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)					Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Roof Live	Snow	Total	
1 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	1943	1290	980	1228	5441	None
2 - Trimmer - DF	1.50"	1.50"	1.50"	1943	1290	980	1228	5441	None

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	7' 9" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	7' 9" o/c	

•Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Vertical Loads	Location	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Roof Live (non-snow: 1.25)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 7' 9"	N/A	9.4	--	--	--	
1 - Uniform (PLF)	0 to 7' 9"	N/A	492.0	333.0	253.0	317.0	

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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by CRC

FortewEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Chris Catron Lund Opsahl (206) 402-5156 ccatron@lundopsahl.com	



## CHECK (E) TJIS @ UPPER FLOOR

EXISTING DEMAND:

$$D = 13.8 \text{ psf}$$

$$L = 40 \text{ psf} = 53.8 \text{ psf}$$

NEW DEMAND:

$$D = 18.0 \text{ psf}$$

$$L = 40 \text{ psf} = 58.0 \text{ psf}$$

$$58.0 / 53.8 = 1.08 \leftarrow \text{NEW DEMAND IS } > 5\% \text{ OVER (E) DEMAND}$$

$\therefore$  CHECK (E) TJI JOISTS

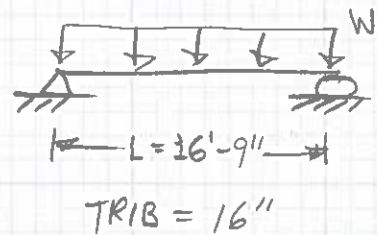
LOAD:

$$W = 58.0 \text{ psf} (16/12) = 77.3 \text{ plf}$$

DEMAND:

$$M = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{77.3(16.75)^2}{8} = 2711 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$V = \frac{wL}{2} = \frac{77.3(16.75)}{2} = 647.4 \text{ lb}$$



CAPACITY:

ASSUME 1 7/8" TJI/25 JOISTS. PER TJ 1988 CATALOG,

$$M_a = 3935 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$V_a = 875 \text{ lb}$$

$$M/M_a = 2711/3935 = 0.69 < 1.00 \quad \checkmark \text{OKAY}$$

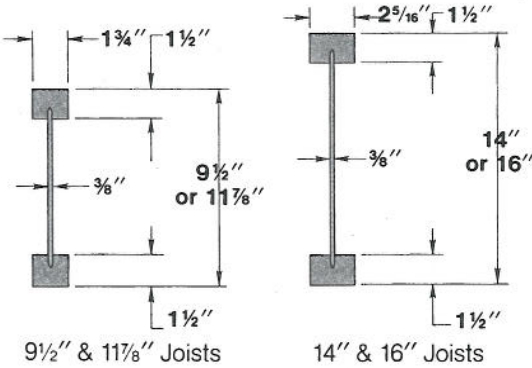
$$V/V_a = 647.4/875 = 0.74 < 1.00 \quad \checkmark \text{OKAY}$$

$\therefore$  (E) TJI JOISTS OKAY FOR (N) DEMAND

MAIN FLOOR TTT < OKAY BY COMPARISON

# TJI® JOIST DESIGN PROPERTIES & SPAN CHARTS

DEPTH (INCHES)	WEIGHT (PLF) <sup>(1)</sup>	EI* 10 <sup>9</sup> IN <sup>2</sup> LBS.	MAXIMUM VERTICAL SHEAR (LBS.)			MAXIMUM RESISTIVE MOMENT (FT.-LBS.)		
			100%	115%	125%	100%	115%	125%
9½" TJI/25 Joist	1.9	170	805	925	1006	2940	3380	3675
11⅞" TJI/25 Joist	2.2	285	875	1006	1094	3935	4525	4920
14" TJI/35 Joist	2.8	550	1100	1265	1375	6450	7420	8060
16" TJI/35 Joist	3	745	1100	1265	1375	7570	8705	9460



\*The following formula approximates the uniform load deflection of Δ (inches)

$$\Delta = \frac{5wl^4}{384EI} + \frac{wl^2}{2.7d \times 10^5}$$

w = uniform load in pounds per lineal inch    d = out to out depth of the joist  
 l = clear span in inches    EI = value from table

**NOTE:** The shear values above are based on an assumed minimum bearing length of 1¼".

<sup>(1)</sup> Weights shown are for Douglas Fir MICRO=LAM® L.V.L. flanges. For Southern Yellow Pine MICRO=LAM® L.V.L. flanges, increase weight approximately 20%.

## RESIDENTIAL FLOOR SPAN CHARTS

### MINIMUM CRITERIA PER CODE

o.c. spacing	JOIST DEPTH			
	9½"	11⅞"	14"	16"
12"	18'-7"	22'-2"	27'-3"	30'-1"
16"	16'-11"	20'-2"	24'-8"	27'-4"
19.2"	15'-11"	18'-11"	23'-2"	25'-8"
24"	14'-9"	17'-6"	20'-3"	21'-10"

**NOTE:** Based on minimum code deflection criteria of L/360 at live load. For stiffer floors, please see "Trus Joist Recommended Span" table. See "A Word About Floor Performance" below.

### GENERAL NOTES:

- Based on residential floor load of 40 PSF live load and 10 PSF dead load.
- Assumes composite action with single layer of glue-nailed plywood decking for deflection only. **Spans shall be reduced 5" where sheathing panels are nailed only.**
- Spans are based on clear distance between supports.

### TRUS JOIST RECOMMENDED SPANS

o.c. spacing	JOIST DEPTH			
	9½"	11⅞"	14"	16"
12"	16'-10"	20'-0"	24'-6"	27'-1"
16"	15'-4"	18'-2"	22'-3"	24'-8"
19.2"	14'-5"	17'-1"	20'-11"	23'-2"
24"	13'-4"	15'-10"	19'-4"	21'-5"

**NOTE:** Based on L/480 live load deflection.

- Web stiffeners (see detail "K", page 6) are required at intermediate supports where joists are continuous span, bearing width is less than 5¼" and either span is greater than:
  - 13'-8": for 9½" and 11⅞" TJI® joists @ 24" o.c.
  - 17'-2": for 11⅞" TJI® joists @ 19.2" o.c.
  - 19'-2": for 14" and 16" TJI® joists @ 24" o.c.
  - 24'-0": for 16" TJI® joists @ 19.2" o.c.

## A WORD ABOUT FLOOR PERFORMANCE

The spans indicated in the "Minimum Criteria Per Code" chart above meet or exceed all code requirements and may provide acceptable performance to the user. But, in addition to safely supporting the loads to be imposed on it, a floor system must perform to the satisfaction of the end user. Since expectancy levels may vary from one user to another, designing a floor system becomes a subjective issue requiring judgement as to the sensitivity of the occupant.

The second span chart above entitled "Trus Joist Recommended Spans" has been developed as a guide to help builders construct higher quality floors. Spans in the "Trus Joist Recommended Spans" chart were developed using stricter deflection limits (see note under chart) to limit deflection over longer spans.

In addition to joist deflection, several other factors may affect the performance of the floor system. A glue-nailed

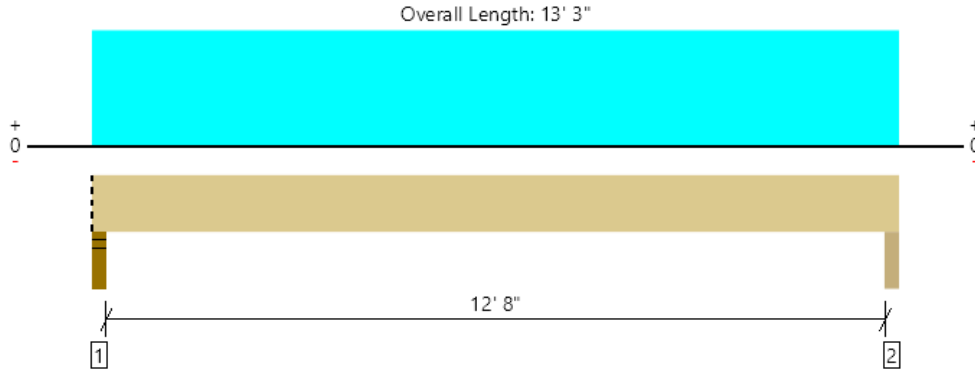
floor system will perform better than a nailed floor. Deflection of the sheathing material between the joists can be reduced by increasing the thickness of sheathing or decreasing the spacing of the joist. Proper installation, including adequate and level support for the joists, and care in fastening of the joists and sheathing are essential to the system performance.

In some cases where the system is stiff and very little dead load (i.e. partition walls, ceilings, furniture, etc.) exists, vibrations may occur. Vibrations are generally sufficiently dampened when a ceiling is directly attached to the bottom flange of the joists. When the joists occur in a crawl space or over an unfinished basement, the vibration can be minimized by nailing a continuous 2x4 (flat) perpendicular to the joists' bottom flanges at midspan and tying off to the end walls.



# DECK DESIGN

Roof, East Wall Deck Beam (w/ less than 0.25" defl.)  
 1 piece(s) 6 3/4" x 13 1/2" 24F-V8 DF Glulam



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	6404 @ 2"	14766 (3.50")	Passed (43%)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	4697 @ 1' 5"	16099	Passed (29%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Pos Moment (Ft-lbs)	18809 @ 6' 7 1/2"	41006	Passed (46%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.146 @ 6' 7 1/2"	0.258	Passed (L/999+)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.243 @ 6' 7 1/2"	0.258	Passed (L/638)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)

System : Floor  
 Member Type : Drop Beam  
 Building Use : Residential  
 Building Code : IBC 2018  
 Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/600) and TL (L/600).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.
- Critical positive moment adjusted by a volume factor of 1.00 that was calculated using length L = 12' 11".
- The effects of positive or negative camber have not been accounted for when calculating deflection.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)				Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Snow	Total	
1 - Stud wall - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.52"	2547	3428	1714	7689	Blocking
2 - Column - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	2547	3428	1714	7689	None

• Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	13' 3" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	13' 3" o/c	

•Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 13' 3"	N/A	22.1	--	--	
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 13' 3" (Front)	8' 7 1/2"	42.0	60.0	30.0	Default Load

**Weyerhaeuser Notes**

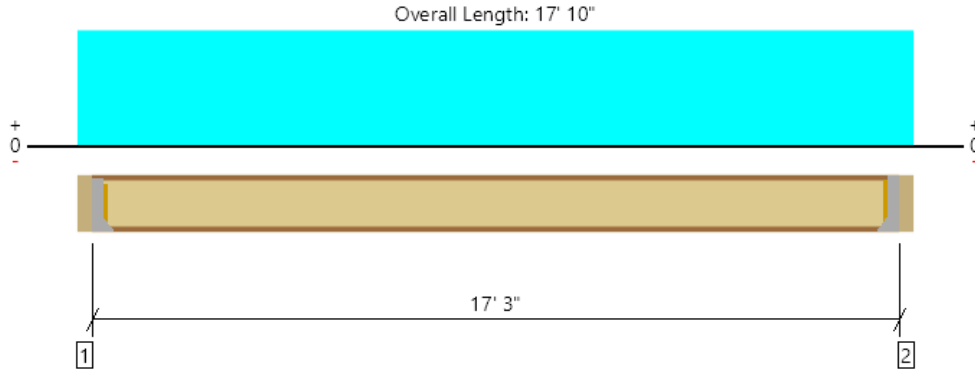
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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by CRC

ForteWEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Chris Catron Lund Opsahl (206) 402-5156 ccatron@lundopsahl.com	



Roof, DECK TJI  
1 piece(s) 14" TJI® 360 @ 16" OC



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	1173 @ 3 1/2"	1173 (2.13")	Passed (100%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	1173 @ 3 1/2"	1955	Passed (60%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	5059 @ 8' 11"	7335	Passed (69%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.300 @ 8' 11"	0.431	Passed (L/689)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.487 @ 8' 11"	0.863	Passed (L/425)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
TJ-Pro™ Rating	50	40	Passed	--	--

System : Floor  
Member Type : Joist  
Building Use : Residential  
Building Code : IBC 2018  
Design Methodology : ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/480) and TL (L/240).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.
- A structural analysis of the deck has not been performed.
- Deflection analysis is based on composite action with a single layer of 23/32" Weyerhaeuser Edge™ Panel (24" Span Rating) that is glued and nailed down.
- Additional considerations for the TJ-Pro™ Rating include: None.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)				Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Snow	Total	
1 - Hanger on 14" DF beam	3.50"	Hanger <sup>1</sup>	2.13" / - <sup>2</sup>	499	713	357	1569	See note <sup>1</sup>
2 - Hanger on 14" DF beam	3.50"	Hanger <sup>1</sup>	2.13" / - <sup>2</sup>	499	713	357	1569	See note <sup>1</sup>

- At hanger supports, the Total Bearing dimension is equal to the width of the material that is supporting the hanger
- <sup>1</sup> See Connector grid below for additional information and/or requirements.
- <sup>2</sup> Required Bearing Length / Required Bearing Length with Web Stiffeners

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	4' 4" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	17' 3" o/c	

- TJI joists are only analyzed using Maximum Allowable bracing solutions.
- Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Connector: Simpson Strong-Tie						
Support	Model	Seat Length	Top Fasteners	Face Fasteners	Member Fasteners	Accessories
1 - Face Mount Hanger	MIU2.37/9	2.50"	N/A	16-10dx1.5	2-10dx1.5	Web Stiffeners
2 - Face Mount Hanger	MIU2.37/9	2.50"	N/A	16-10dx1.5	2-10dx1.5	Web Stiffeners

- Refer to manufacturer notes and instructions for proper installation and use of all connectors.

Vertical Load	Location	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 17' 10"	16"	42.0	60.0	30.0	Default Load

Member Notes
Changed from 11 7-8" deep to 14" deep as requested by the architect to match the existing floor framing adjacent

ForteWEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Chris Catron Lund Opsahl (206) 402-5156 ccatron@lundopsahl.com	





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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by CRC

ForteWEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Chris Cattron Lund Opsahl (206) 402-5156 ccattron@lundopsahl.com	





**TRELLIS DESIGN**



Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

**Wood Beam**

File: Harris Remodel.ec6  
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**LUND OPSAHL LLC**

Lic. #: KW-06004202

DESCRIPTION: Trellis Joist C-F (1) 3x6 @ 16" o.c. [Same effect as (2) 3x6 @ 32" o.c.]

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios		C							Moment Values			Shear Values		
			M	V	C <sub>d</sub>	C <sub>F/V</sub>	C <sub>i</sub>	C <sub>r</sub>	C <sub>m</sub>	C <sub>t</sub>	C <sub>L</sub>	M	fb	F'b	V	fv	F'v
	Length = 6.0 ft	1	0.035	0.016	1.60	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	0.98	0.06	55.11	1558.87	0.04	4.43	279.36
	Length = 7.417 ft	2	0.036	0.016	1.60	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	0.97	0.06	55.11	1548.36	0.04	4.43	279.36
	Length = 1.333 ft	3	0.006	0.016	1.60	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.01	8.80	1584.92	0.01	4.43	279.36

**Overall Maximum Deflections**

Load Combination	Span	Max. "-" Defl	Location in Span	Load Combination	Max. "+" Defl	Location in Span
+D+S	1	0.0098	2.319	+D+S	-0.0007	5.597
+D+S	2	0.0348	4.113		0.0000	5.597
	3	0.0000	4.113	+D+S	-0.0202	1.333

**Vertical Reactions**

Support notation : Far left is #1  
Values in KIPS

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2	Support 3	Support 4
Overall MAXimum	0.119	0.474	0.253	
Overall MINimum	0.083	0.331	0.176	
D Only	0.036	0.143	0.076	
+D+S	0.119	0.474	0.253	
+D+0.750S	0.098	0.391	0.209	
+0.60D	0.022	0.086	0.046	
S Only	0.083	0.331	0.176	

"Support 1" reaction loads Trellis Joist A-C at point C

Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

File: Harris Remodel.ec6  
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**Wood Beam**

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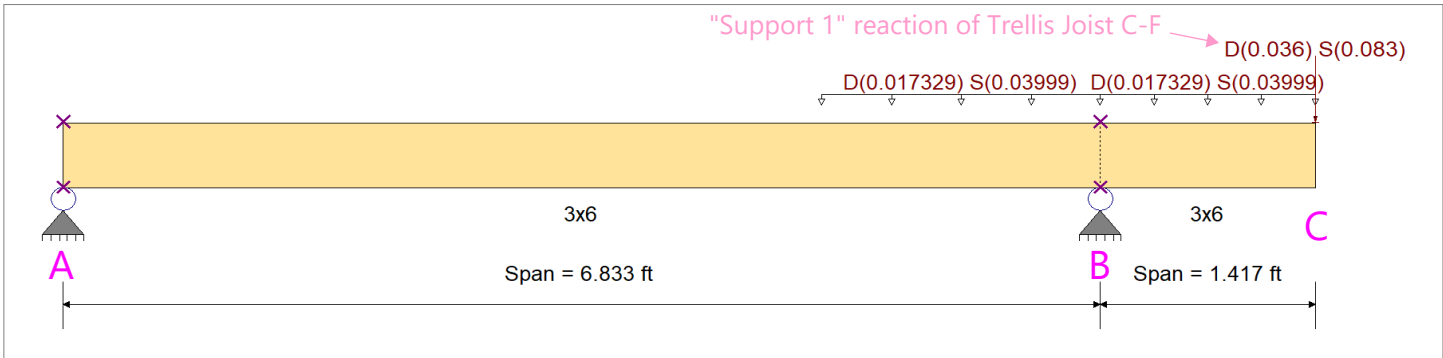
DESCRIPTION: Trellis Joist A-C (1) 3x6 @ 16" o.c. [Same effect as (2) 3x6 @ 32" o.c.] {Taking reaction from C-F}

**CODE REFERENCES**

Calculations per NDS 2012, IBC 2012, CBC 2013, ASCE 7-10  
 Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

**Material Properties**

Analysis Method : Allowable Stress Design	Fb +	900.0 psi	E : Modulus of Elasticity
Load Combination ASCE 7-16	Fb -	900.0 psi	Ebend- xx
	Fc - Prll	1,350.0 psi	Eminbend - xx
Wood Species : Douglas Fir-Larch	Fc - Perp	625.0 psi	
Wood Grade : No.2	Fv	180.0 psi	
Beam Bracing : Completely Unbraced	Ft	575.0 psi	Density
			31.210pcf



**Applied Loads**

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Load for Span Number 1  
 Uniform Load : D = 0.0130, S = 0.030 ksf, Extent = 5.0 --> 6.833 ft, Tributary Width = 1.333 ft  
 Load for Span Number 2  
 Uniform Load : D = 0.0130, S = 0.030 ksf, Tributary Width = 1.333 ft  
 Point Load : D = 0.0360, S = 0.0830 k @ 1.417 ft, ((Support 1 reaction from Trellis Joist span C-F))

**DESIGN SUMMARY**

**Design OK**

Maximum Bending Stress Ratio	=	<b>0.191</b> : 1	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio	=	<b>0.095</b> : 1
Section used for this span		<b>3x6</b>	Section used for this span		<b>3x6</b>
fb: Actual	=	215.26psi	fv: Actual	=	19.02 psi
Fb: Allowable	=	1,126.02psi	Fv: Allowable	=	200.79 psi
Load Combination		+D+S	Load Combination		+D+S
Location of maximum on span	=	6.833ft	Location of maximum on span	=	6.833ft
Span # where maximum occurs	=	Span # 1	Span # where maximum occurs	=	Span # 1
<b>Maximum Deflection</b>					
Max Downward Transient Deflection		0.015 in	Ratio =		2208 >=600
Max Upward Transient Deflection		-0.010 in	Ratio =		8337 >=600
Max Downward Total Deflection		0.022 in	Ratio =		1540 >=600
Max Upward Total Deflection		-0.014 in	Ratio =		5814 >=600

**Maximum Forces & Stresses for Load Combinations**

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios								Moment Values			Shear Values				
			M	V	C <sub>d</sub>	C <sub>F/V</sub>	C <sub>i</sub>	C <sub>r</sub>	C <sub>m</sub>	C <sub>t</sub>	C <sub>L</sub>	M	fb	F'b	V	fv	F'v	
D Only																		
	Length = 6.833 ft	1	0.074	0.037	0.90	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	0.99	0.07	65.11	884.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Length = 1.417 ft	2	0.073	0.037	0.90	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.07	65.11	893.00	0.05	5.75	157.14	157.14
+D+S																		
	Length = 6.833 ft	1	0.191	0.095	1.15	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	0.98	0.23	215.26	1126.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Length = 1.417 ft	2	0.189	0.095	1.15	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.23	215.26	1140.29	0.17	19.02	200.79	200.79
+D+0.750S																		
	Length = 6.833 ft	1	0.158	0.078	1.15	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	0.98	0.19	177.73	1126.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Length = 1.417 ft	2	0.156	0.078	1.15	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.19	177.73	1140.29	0.14	15.70	200.79	200.79
+0.60D																		
						1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

<b>Wood Beam</b>	File: Harris Remodel.ec6
Lic. #: KW-06004202	Software copyright ENERCALC, INC. 1983-2020, Build:12.20.8.24
<b>LUND OPSAHL LLC</b>	

DESCRIPTION: Trellis Joist A-C (1) 3x6 @ 16" o.c. [Same effect as (2) 3x6 @ 32" o.c.] {Taking reaction from C-F}

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios		C <sub>d</sub>	C <sub>F/V</sub>	C <sub>i</sub>	C <sub>r</sub>	C <sub>m</sub>	C <sub>t</sub>	C <sub>L</sub>	Moment Values			Shear Values		
			M	V								M	fb	F'b	V	fv	F'v
	Length = 6.833 ft	1	0.025	0.012	1.60	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	0.98	0.04	39.07	1553.09	0.03	3.45	279.36
	Length = 1.417 ft	2	0.025	0.012	1.60	1.300	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.04	39.07	1584.50	0.03	3.45	279.36

**Overall Maximum Deflections**

Load Combination	Span	Max. "-" Defl	Location in Span	Load Combination	Max. "+" Defl	Location in Span
+D+S	1	0.0000	0.000	+D+S	-0.0141	4.008
	2	0.0221	1.417		0.0000	4.008

**Vertical Reactions**

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2	Support 3
Overall MAXimum	-0.019	0.324	
Overall MINimum	-0.006	0.226	
D Only	-0.006	0.098	
+D+S	-0.019	0.324	
+D+0.750S	-0.016	0.268	
+0.60D	-0.003	0.059	
S Only	-0.013	0.226	

Support notation : Far left is #1

Values in KIPS

TRELLIS LOADING - STEEL DROP BEAM  
- WOOD DROP BEAM

AREA TRIB TO STEEL DROP BEAM:

$$12'-3" \times 7'-5" = 90.85 \text{ ft}^2$$

LOAD TRIB TO STEEL DROP BEAM:

$$D = 13 \text{ psf} (90.85 \text{ ft}^2) + 25 \text{ plf} (12'-3") = 1487.4 \#$$

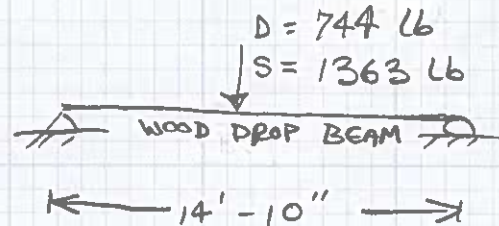
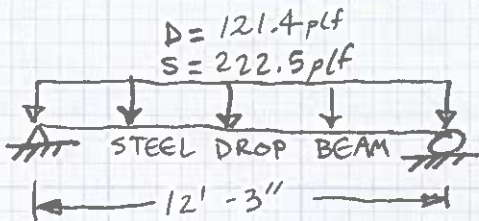
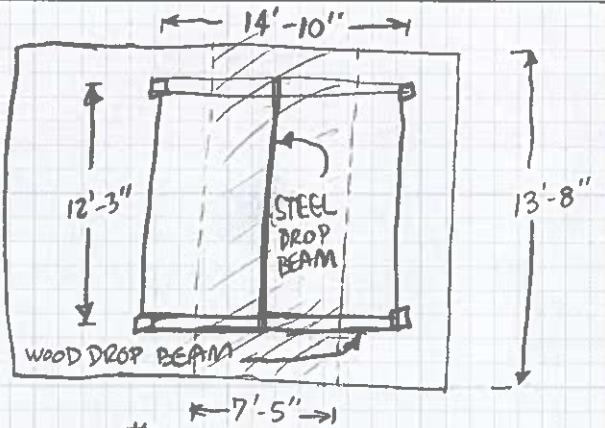
SELF WT.

$$S = 30 \text{ psf} (90.85 \text{ ft}^2) = 2725.6 \#$$

$$D = 13 \text{ psf}$$

$$S = 30 \text{ psf}$$

THIS LOAD IS DISTRIBUTED OVER THE 12'-3" LENGTH OF STEEL BEAM.  
HALF OF THIS LOAD GOES TO WOOD DROP BEAM:



SEE ENERCALC:

6x12 DF#2 OKAY FOR WOOD DROP BEAM  
AND W6x25 OKAY FOR STEEL DROP BEAM  
@ TRELLIS

Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

File: Harris Remodel.ec6  
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**LUND OPSAHL LLC**

**Steel Beam**

Lic. #: KW-06004202

DESCRIPTION: Trellis Steel Drop Beam

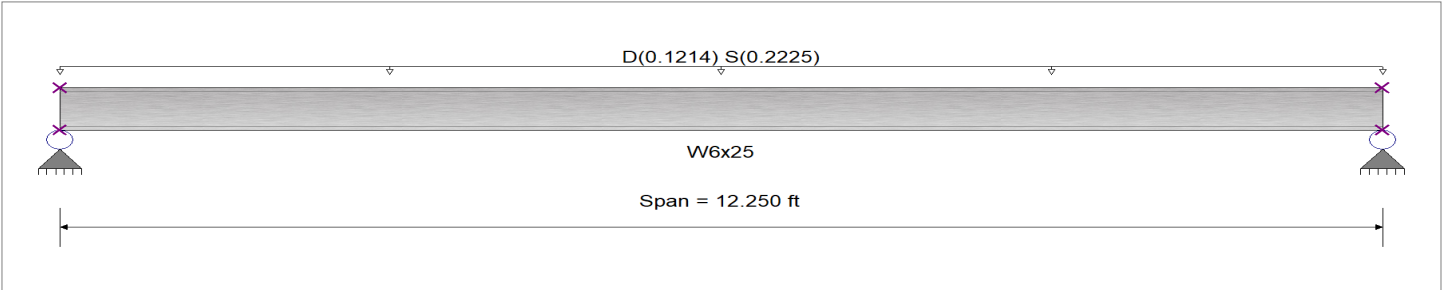
**CODE REFERENCES**

Calculations per AISC 360-10, IBC 2012, CBC 2013, ASCE 7-10  
 Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

**Material Properties**

Analysis Method : Allowable Strength Design  
 Beam Bracing : Completely Unbraced  
 Bending Axis : Major Axis Bending

Fy : Steel Yield : 50.0 ksi  
 E: Modulus : 29,000.0 ksi



**Applied Loads**

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight calculated and added to loading  
 Uniform Load : D = 0.1214, S = 0.2225 k/ft, Tributary Width = 1.0 ft

**DESIGN SUMMARY**

**Design OK**

Maximum Bending Stress Ratio =	<b>0.151</b> : 1	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio =	<b>0.055</b> : 1
Section used for this span	<b>W6x25</b>	Section used for this span	<b>W6x25</b>
Ma : Applied	6.919 k-ft	Va : Applied	2.259 k
Mn / Omega : Allowable	45.927 k-ft	Vn/Omega : Allowable	40.832 k
Load Combination	+D+S	Load Combination	+D+S
Location of maximum on span	6.125 ft	Location of maximum on span	0.000 ft
Span # where maximum occurs	Span # 1	Span # where maximum occurs	Span # 1
<b>Maximum Deflection</b>			
Max Downward Transient Deflection	0.073 in	Ratio =	2,010 >=180.
Max Upward Transient Deflection	0.000 in	Ratio =	0 <180.0
Max Downward Total Deflection	0.121 in	Ratio =	1212 >=180
Max Upward Total Deflection	0.000 in	Ratio =	0 <180

**Maximum Forces & Stresses for Load Combinations**

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios		Summary of Moment Values					Summary of Shear Values				
			M	V	Mmax +	Mmax -	Ma Max	Mnx	Mnx/Omega	Cb	Rm	Va Max	Vnx	Vnx/Omega
D Only	Dsgn. L = 12.25 ft	1	0.060	0.022	2.75		2.75	76.70	45.93	1.14	1.00	0.90	61.25	40.83
+D+S	Dsgn. L = 12.25 ft	1	0.151	0.055	6.92		6.92	76.70	45.93	1.14	1.00	2.26	61.25	40.83
+D+0.750S	Dsgn. L = 12.25 ft	1	0.128	0.047	5.88		5.88	76.70	45.93	1.14	1.00	1.92	61.25	40.83
+0.60D	Dsgn. L = 12.25 ft	1	0.036	0.013	1.65		1.65	76.70	45.93	1.14	1.00	0.54	61.25	40.83

**Overall Maximum Deflections**

Load Combination	Span	Max. "-" Defl	Location in Span	Load Combination	Max. "+" Defl	Location in Span
+D+S	1	0.1212	6.160		0.0000	0.000

**Vertical Reactions**

Load Combination	Support notation : Far left is #1		Values in KIPS	
	Support 1	Support 2		
Overall MAXimum	2.259	2.259		
Overall MINimum	0.538	0.538		
D Only	0.897	0.897		
+D+S	2.259	2.259		
+D+0.750S	1.919	1.919		
+0.60D	0.538	0.538		
S Only	1.363	1.363		



Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

**Wood Beam**

File: Harris Remodel.ec6  
 Software copyright ENERCALC, INC. 1983-2020, Build:12.20.8.24  
**LUND OPSAHL LLC**

Lic. #: KW-06004202

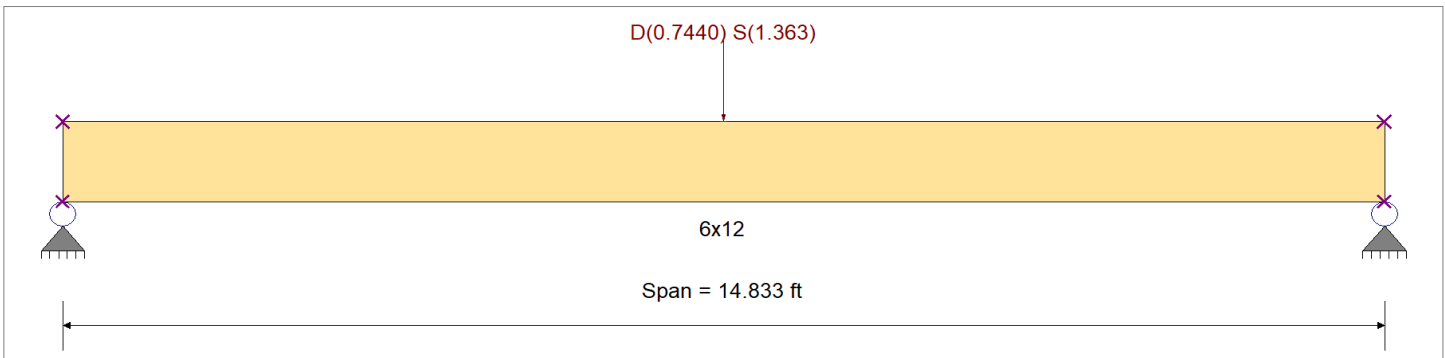
DESCRIPTION: Trellis Wood Drop Beam

**CODE REFERENCES**

Calculations per NDS 2012, IBC 2012, CBC 2013, ASCE 7-10  
 Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

**Material Properties**

Analysis Method : Allowable Stress Design	Fb +	900.0 psi	E : Modulus of Elasticity	
Load Combination ASCE 7-16	Fb -	900.0 psi	Ebend- xx	1,600.0ksi
Wood Species : Douglas Fir-Larch	Fc - Prll	1,350.0 psi	Eminbend - xx	580.0ksi
Wood Grade : No.2	Fc - Perp	625.0 psi		
Beam Bracing : Completely Unbraced	Fv	180.0 psi	Density	31.210pcf
	Ft	575.0 psi		



**Applied Loads**

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight calculated and added to loads  
 Loads on all spans...

Point Load : D = 0.7440, S = 1.363 k, Starting at : 7.417 ft and placed every 0.0 ft thereafter

**DESIGN SUMMARY**

**Design OK**

Maximum Bending Stress Ratio =	<b>0.793</b>	1	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio =	<b>0.135</b>	: 1
Section used for this span	<b>6x12</b>		Section used for this span	<b>6x12</b>	
fb: Actual =	810.71	psi	fv: Actual =	27.10	psi
Fb: Allowable =	1,021.97	psi	Fv: Allowable =	200.79	psi
Load Combination	+D+S		Load Combination	+D+S	
Location of maximum on span =	7.417	ft	Location of maximum on span =	13.913	ft
Span # where maximum occurs =	Span # 1		Span # where maximum occurs =	Span # 1	
<b>Maximum Deflection</b>					
Max Downward Transient Deflection	0.160	in	Ratio =	1109	>=600
Max Upward Transient Deflection	0.000	in	Ratio =	0	<600
Max Downward Total Deflection	0.263	in	Ratio =	676	>=600
Max Upward Total Deflection	0.000	in	Ratio =	0	<600

**Maximum Forces & Stresses for Load Combinations**

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios									Moment Values			Shear Values				
			M	V	C <sub>d</sub>	C <sub>F/V</sub>	C <sub>i</sub>	C <sub>r</sub>	C <sub>m</sub>	C <sub>t</sub>	C <sub>L</sub>	M	fb	F'b	V	fv	F'v		
D Only	Length = 14.833 ft	1	0.387	0.070	0.90	1.000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.99	3.14	310.41	802.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
+D+S	Length = 14.833 ft	1	0.793	0.135	1.15	1.000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.99	8.19	810.71	1021.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
+D+0.750S	Length = 14.833 ft	1	0.671	0.115	1.15	1.000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.99	6.93	685.64	1021.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
+0.60D	Length = 14.833 ft	1	0.132	0.023	1.60	1.000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.98	1.88	186.25	1412.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**Overall Maximum Deflections**

Load Combination	Span	Max. "-" Defl	Location in Span	Load Combination	Max. "+" Defl	Location in Span
+D+S	1	0.2629	7.471		0.0000	0.000

Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

## Wood Beam

File: Harris Remodel.ec6  
 Software copyright ENERCALC, INC. 1983-2020, Build:12.20.8.24  
 LUND OPSAHL LLC

Lic. # : KW-06004202

DESCRIPTION: Trellis Wood Drop Beam

### Vertical Reactions

Support notation : Far left is #1

Values in KIPS

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2
Overall MAXimum	1.155	1.155
Overall MINimum	0.681	0.682
D Only	0.474	0.474
+D+S	1.155	1.155
+D+0.750S	0.985	0.985
+0.60D	0.284	0.284
S Only	0.681	0.682

TRELLIS SUPPORT

VERIFY LATERAL SYSTEM OF (N) TRELLIS

TIMBER FRAME

$R = 1.5$        $S_{DS} = 1.10$   
 $\Omega_o = 1.5$   
 $C_d = 1.5$

$$C_s = \frac{S_{DS} \times I_e}{R} = \frac{1.10 \times 1.0}{1.5} = \underline{\underline{0.73}}$$

WEIGHT OF TRELLIS

GLASS = 13 psf  
 Framing = 2 psf  
15 psf

Effective Seismic Weight,  $W_p = 0.73 \cdot 15 \text{ psf}$

$W_p = 11 \text{ psf}$

TRELLIS AREA

$A = 17' \times 14' = 238 \text{ ft}^2$

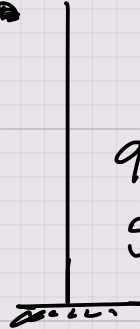
TOTAL weight =  $\sum W_p = 11 \text{ psf} \times 238 \text{ ft}^2$

$\sum W_p = 2618 \text{ \#}$

Cont

TRUSS SUPPORTED BY (4) COL.

$F_p$  →



9.83' - New

5.53' - EXISTING

$$\hat{F}_p = \frac{2618 \#}{4} = \underline{\underline{655 \#}}$$

(E) COLS ARE HSS 4x4x1/4  
PER (E) DWGS

Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

<b>Steel Beam</b>	Project File: Harris Deck.ec6
LIC# : KW-06017879, Build:20.22.6.12	(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2022
LUND OPSAHL LLC	

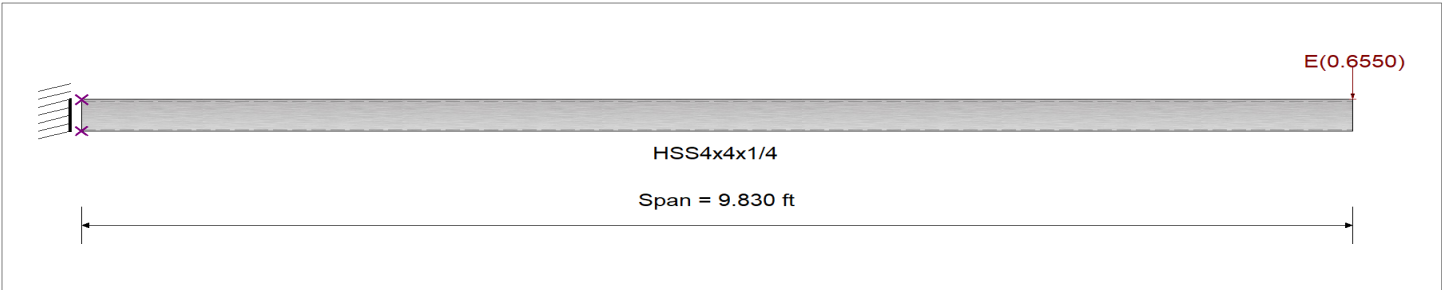
**DESCRIPTION:** New Posts at Trellis

**CODE REFERENCES**

Calculations per AISC 360-16, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16  
 Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

**Material Properties**

Analysis Method : Allowable Strength Design	Fy : Steel Yield : 46.0 ksi
Beam Bracing : Completely Unbraced	E: Modulus : 29,000.0 ksi
Bending Axis : Major Axis Bending	



**Applied Loads**

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight NOT internally calculated and added  
 Load(s) for Span Number 1  
 Point Load : E = 0.6550 k @ 9.830 ft

**DESIGN SUMMARY**

**Design OK**

<p><b>Maximum Bending Stress Ratio = 0.419 : 1</b></p> <p>Section used for this span: <b>HSS4x4x1/4</b></p> <p>Ma : Applied 4.507 k-ft              Mn / Omega : Allowable 10.765 k-ft</p> <p>Load Combination: E Only * 0.70</p> <p>Span # where maximum occurs: Span # 1</p> <p><b>Maximum Deflection</b></p> <p>Max Downward Transient Deflection 1.574 in Ratio = 149 &gt;=75.0              Max Upward Transient Deflection 0.000 in Ratio = 0 &lt;75.0              Max Downward Total Deflection 1.107 in Ratio = 213 &gt;=75.0              Max Upward Total Deflection 0.000 in Ratio = 0 &lt;75.0</p>	<p><b>Maximum Shear Stress Ratio = 0.018 : 1</b></p> <p>Section used for this span: <b>HSS4x4x1/4</b></p> <p>Va : Applied 0.4585 k              Vn/Omega : Allowable 25.423 k</p> <p>Load Combination: E Only * 0.70              Location of maximum on span 0.000 ft</p> <p>Span # where maximum occurs: Span # 1</p>
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**Maximum Forces & Stresses for Load Combinations**

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios		Summary of Moment Values					Summary of Shear Values				
			M	V	Mmax +	Mmax -	Ma Max	Mnx	Mnx/Omega	Cb	Rm	Va Max	VnxVnx/Omega	
Dsgn. L = 9.83 ft		1		0.000			17.98	10.77	1.00	1.00	-0.00	42.46	25.42	
E Only * 0.70														
Dsgn. L = 9.83 ft		1	0.419	0.018		-4.51	4.51	17.98	10.77	1.00	1.00	0.46	42.46	25.42
E Only * 0.5250														
Dsgn. L = 9.83 ft		1	0.314	0.014		-3.38	3.38	17.98	10.77	1.00	1.00	0.34	42.46	25.42

**Overall Maximum Deflections**

Load Combination	Span	Max. "-" Defl	Location in Span	Load Combination	Max. "+" Defl	Location in Span
E Only	1	1.5809	9.830		0.0000	0.000

**Vertical Reactions**

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2
Overall MAXimum	0.655	
Overall MINimum	0.344	
E Only * 0.70	0.459	
E Only * 0.5250	0.344	
E Only	0.655	

Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

<b>Steel Beam</b>	Project File: Harris Deck.ec6
LIC# : KW-06017879, Build:20.22.6.12	(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2022
LUND OPSAHL LLC	

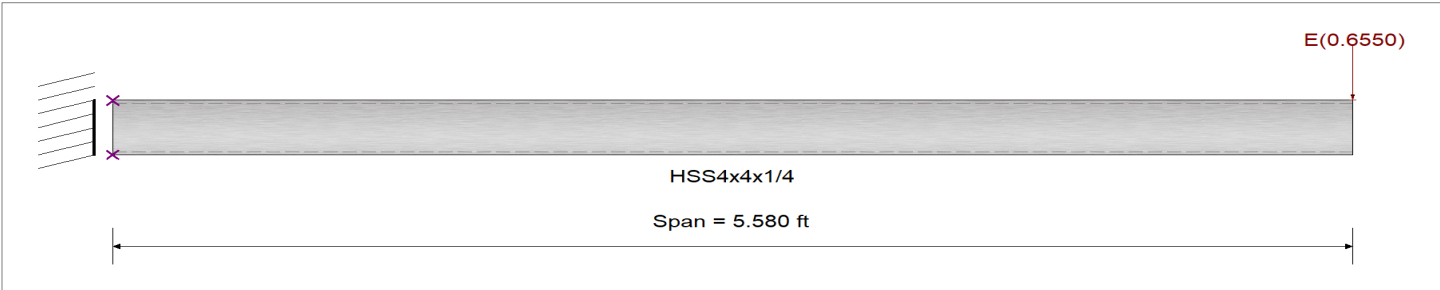
**DESCRIPTION:** Existing Posts at Trellis

**CODE REFERENCES**

Calculations per AISC 360-16, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16  
 Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

**Material Properties**

Analysis Method : Allowable Strength Design	Fy : Steel Yield : 46.0 ksi
Beam Bracing : Completely Unbraced	E: Modulus : 29,000.0 ksi
Bending Axis : Major Axis Bending	



**Applied Loads**

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight NOT internally calculated and added  
 Load(s) for Span Number 1  
 Point Load : E = 0.6550 k @ 5.580 ft

**DESIGN SUMMARY**

**Design OK**

<p><b>Maximum Bending Stress Ratio = 0.238 : 1</b></p> <p>Section used for this span <b>HSS4x4x1/4</b></p> <p>Ma : Applied 2.558 k-ft</p> <p>Mn / Omega : Allowable 10.765 k-ft</p> <p>Load Combination E Only * 0.70</p> <p>Span # where maximum occurs Span # 1</p> <p><b>Maximum Deflection</b></p> <p>Max Downward Transient Deflection 0.289 in Ratio = 463 &gt;=75.0</p> <p>Max Upward Transient Deflection 0.000 in Ratio = 0 &lt;75.0</p> <p>Max Downward Total Deflection 0.202 in Ratio = 662 &gt;=75.0</p> <p>Max Upward Total Deflection 0.000 in Ratio = 0 &lt;75.0</p>	<p><b>Maximum Shear Stress Ratio = 0.018 : 1</b></p> <p>Section used for this span <b>HSS4x4x1/4</b></p> <p>Va : Applied 0.4585 k</p> <p>Vn/Omega : Allowable 25.423 k</p> <p>Load Combination E Only * 0.70</p> <p>Location of maximum on span 0.000 ft</p> <p>Span # where maximum occurs Span # 1</p>
--	--

**Maximum Forces & Stresses for Load Combinations**

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios		Summary of Moment Values					Summary of Shear Values			
			M	V	Mmax +	Mmax -	Ma Max	Mnx	Mnx/Omega	Cb	Rm	Va Max	Vnx/Vnx/Omega
Dsgn. L = 5.58 ft		1		0.000			17.98	10.77	1.00	1.00	-0.00	42.46	25.42
E Only * 0.70													
Dsgn. L = 5.58 ft		1	0.238	0.018	-2.56	2.56	17.98	10.77	1.00	1.00	0.46	42.46	25.42
E Only * 0.5250													
Dsgn. L = 5.58 ft		1	0.178	0.014	-1.92	1.92	17.98	10.77	1.00	1.00	0.34	42.46	25.42

**Overall Maximum Deflections**

Load Combination	Span	Max. "-" Defl	Location in Span	Load Combination	Max. "+" Defl	Location in Span
E Only	1	0.2892	5.580		0.0000	0.000

**Vertical Reactions**

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2
Overall MAXimum	0.655	
Overall MINimum	0.344	
E Only * 0.70	0.459	
E Only * 0.5250	0.344	
E Only	0.655	

Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

**General Footing**

Project File: Harris Deck.ec6

LIC# : KW-06017879, Build:20.22.6.12

LUND OPSAHL LLC

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**DESCRIPTION: Typical Trellis Footing**

**Code References**

Calculations per ACI 318-14, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16  
 Load Combinations Used : ASCE 7-16

**General Information**

**Material Properties**

f <sub>c</sub> : Concrete 28 day strength	=	3.0 ksi
f <sub>y</sub> : Rebar Yield	=	60.0 ksi
E <sub>c</sub> : Concrete Elastic Modulus	=	3,122.0 ksi
Concrete Density	=	145.0 pcf
φ Values Flexure	=	0.90
Shear	=	0.750

**Soil Design Values**

Allowable Soil Bearing	=	2.50 ksf
Soil Density	=	110.0 pcf
Increase Bearing By Footing Weight	=	No
Soil Passive Resistance (for Sliding)	=	250.0 pcf
Soil/Concrete Friction Coeff.	=	0.30

**Analysis Settings**

Min Steel % Bending Reinf.	=	
Min Allow % Temp Reinf.	=	0.00180
Min. Overturning Safety Factor	=	1.0 : 1
Min. Sliding Safety Factor	=	1.0 : 1
Add Ftg Wt for Soil Pressure	:	Yes
Use ftg wt for stability, moments & shears	:	Yes
Add Pedestal Wt for Soil Pressure	:	No
Use Pedestal wt for stability, mom & shear	:	No

**Increases based on footing depth**

Footing base depth below soil surface	=	ft
Allow press. increase per foot of depth when footing base is below	=	ksf ft

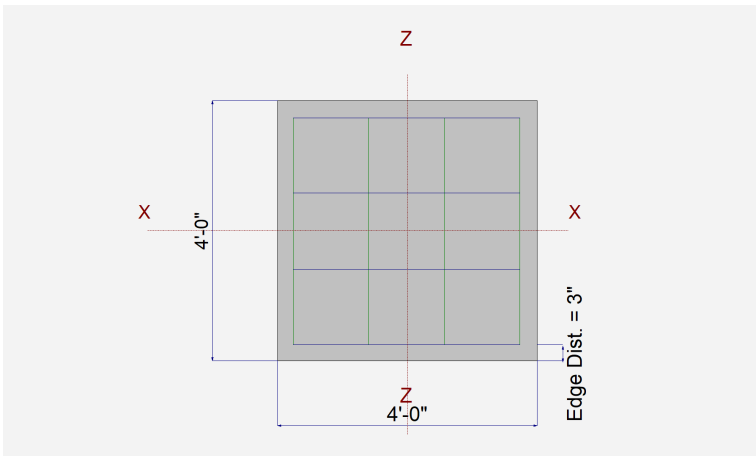
**Increases based on footing plan dimension**

Allowable pressure increase per foot of depth when max. length or width is greater than	=	ksf ft
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**Dimensions**

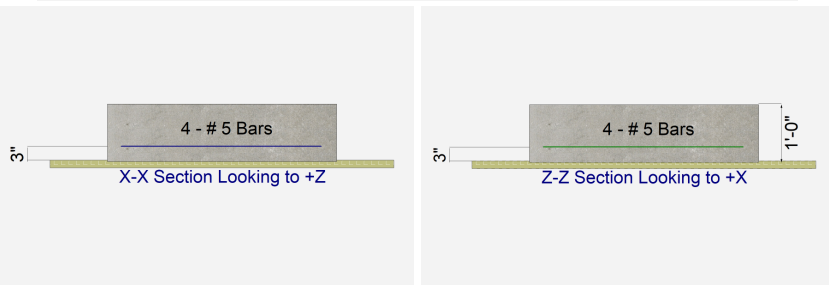
Width parallel to X-X Axis	=	4.0 ft
Length parallel to Z-Z Axis	=	4.0 ft
Footing Thickness	=	12.0 in

Pedestal dimensions...	=	in
px : parallel to X-X Axis	=	in
pz : parallel to Z-Z Axis	=	in
Height	=	in
Rebar Centerline to Edge of Concrete... at Bottom of footing	=	3.0 in



**Reinforcing**

Bars parallel to X-X Axis	=	
Number of Bars	=	4.0
Reinforcing Bar Size	=	# 5
Bars parallel to Z-Z Axis	=	
Number of Bars	=	4.0
Reinforcing Bar Size	=	# 5
<b>Bandwidth Distribution Check (ACI 15.4.4.2)</b>		
Direction Requiring Closer Separation		n/a
# Bars required within zone		n/a
# Bars required on each side of zone		n/a



**Applied Loads**

	D	L <sub>r</sub>	L	S	W	E	H
P : Column Load	=	0.890			1.480		k
OB : Overburden	=						ksf
M-xx	=						k-ft
M-zz	=					6.440	k-ft
V-x	=						k
V-z	=						k

Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

## General Footing

Project File: Harris Deck.ec6

LIC# : KW-06017879, Build:20.22.6.12

LUND OPSAHL LLC

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**DESCRIPTION:** Typical Trellis Footing

### DESIGN SUMMARY

Design OK

	Min. Ratio	Item	Applied	Capacity	Governing Load Combination
PASS	0.3552	Soil Bearing	0.8881 ksf	2.50 ksf	+D+0.70E about Z-Z axis
PASS	n/a	Overturing - X-X	0.0 k-ft	0.0 k-ft	No Overturing
PASS	1.424	Overturing - Z-Z	4.508 k-ft	6.420 k-ft	+D+0.70E
PASS	n/a	Sliding - X-X	0.0 k	0.0 k	No Sliding
PASS	n/a	Sliding - Z-Z	0.0 k	0.0 k	No Sliding
PASS	n/a	Uplift	0.0 k	0.0 k	No Uplift
PASS	0.1040	Z Flexure (+X)	1.262 k-ft/ft	12.131 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+0.20S+E
PASS	0.03541	Z Flexure (-X)	0.4295 k-ft/ft	12.131 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S
PASS	0.03541	X Flexure (+Z)	0.4295 k-ft/ft	12.131 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S
PASS	0.03541	X Flexure (-Z)	0.4295 k-ft/ft	12.131 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S
PASS	0.09188	1-way Shear (+X)	7.548 psi	82.158 psi	+1.20D+0.20S+E
PASS	0.03001	1-way Shear (-X)	2.466 psi	82.158 psi	+1.20D+1.60S
PASS	0.03001	1-way Shear (+Z)	2.466 psi	82.158 psi	+1.20D+1.60S
PASS	0.03001	1-way Shear (-Z)	2.466 psi	82.158 psi	+1.20D+1.60S
PASS	0.06245	2-way Punching	10.261 psi	164.317 psi	+1.20D+1.60S

### Detailed Results

#### Soil Bearing

Rotation Axis & Load Combination...	Gross Allowable	Xecc	Zecc (in)	Actual Soil Bearing Stress @ Location				Actual / Allow Ratio
				Bottom, -Z	Top, +Z	Left, -X	Right, +X	
X-X, D Only	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.2006	0.2006	n/a	n/a	0.080
X-X, +D+S	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.2931	0.2931	n/a	n/a	0.117
X-X, +D+0.750S	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.270	0.270	n/a	n/a	0.108
X-X, +D+0.70E	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.2006	0.2006	n/a	n/a	0.080
X-X, +D+0.750S+0.5250E	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.270	0.270	n/a	n/a	0.108
Z-Z, D Only	2.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.2006	0.2006	0.080
Z-Z, +D+S	2.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.2931	0.2931	0.117
Z-Z, +D+0.750S	2.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.270	0.270	0.108
Z-Z, +D+0.70E	2.50	16.852	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.0	0.8881	0.355
Z-Z, +D+0.750S+0.5250E	2.50	9.392	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.0	0.5882	0.235



Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

**General Footing**

Project File: Harris Deck.ec6

LIC# : KW-06017879, Build:20.22.6.12

LUND OPSAHL LLC

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**DESCRIPTION: Existing Trellis Footing**

**Code References**

Calculations per ACI 318-14, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16  
 Load Combinations Used : ASCE 7-16

**General Information**

**Material Properties**

f <sub>c</sub> : Concrete 28 day strength	=	3.0 ksi
f <sub>y</sub> : Rebar Yield	=	60.0 ksi
E <sub>c</sub> : Concrete Elastic Modulus	=	3,122.02 ksi
Concrete Density	=	150.0 pcf
φ Values Flexure	=	0.90
Shear	=	0.750

**Soil Design Values**

Allowable Soil Bearing	=	2.50 ksf
Soil Density	=	110.0 pcf
Increase Bearing By Footing Weight	=	No
Soil Passive Resistance (for Sliding)	=	250.0 pcf
Soil/Concrete Friction Coeff.	=	0.30

**Increases based on footing depth**

Footing base depth below soil surface	=	1.50 ft
Allow press. increase per foot of depth when footing base is below	=	ksf ft

**Increases based on footing plan dimension**

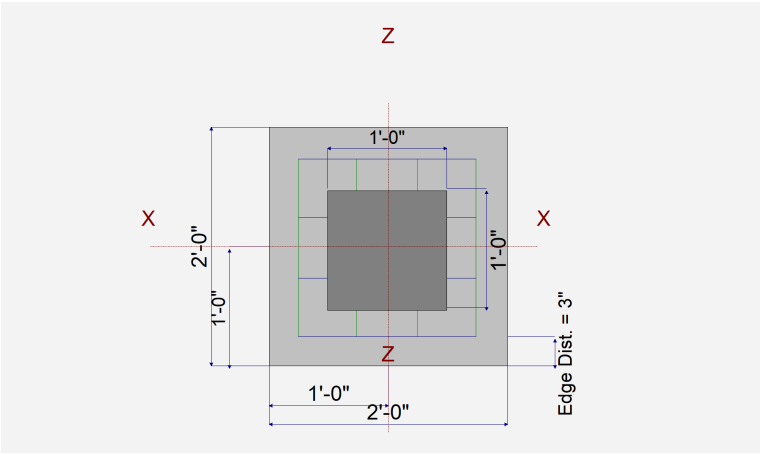
Allowable pressure increase per foot of depth when max. length or width is greater than	=	ksf ft
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**Analysis Settings**

Min Steel % Bending Reinf.	=	
Min Allow % Temp Reinf.	=	0.00180
Min. Overturning Safety Factor	=	1.0 : 1
Min. Sliding Safety Factor	=	1.0 : 1
Add Ftg Wt for Soil Pressure	:	Yes
Use ftg wt for stability, moments & shears	:	Yes
Add Pedestal Wt for Soil Pressure	:	Yes
Use Pedestal wt for stability, mom & shear	:	Yes

**Dimensions**

Width parallel to X-X Axis	=	2.0 ft
Length parallel to Z-Z Axis	=	2.0 ft
Footing Thickness	=	12.0 in
Pedestal dimensions...		
px : parallel to X-X Axis	=	12.0 in
pz : parallel to Z-Z Axis	=	12.0 in
Height	=	51.0 in
Rebar Centerline to Edge of Concrete... at Bottom of footing	=	3.0 in



**Reinforcing**

Bars parallel to X-X Axis		
Number of Bars	=	4.0
Reinforcing Bar Size	=	# 5
Bars parallel to Z-Z Axis		
Number of Bars	=	4.0
Reinforcing Bar Size	=	# 5
<b>Bandwidth Distribution Check (ACI 15.4.4.2)</b>		
Direction Requiring Closer Separation		
		n/a
# Bars required within zone		n/a
# Bars required on each side of zone		n/a



**Applied Loads**

	D	L <sub>r</sub>	L	S	W	E	H	
P : Column Load	=	1.10		1.375				k
OB : Overburden	=							ksf
M-xx	=							k-ft
M-zz	=					3.60		k-ft
V-x	=							k
V-z	=							k

Project Title:  
 Engineer:  
 Project ID:  
 Project Descr:

**WITHIN 5%, DESIGN OK**

**DESIGN OK BY INSPECTION**

**General Footing**

Project File: Harris Deck.ec6

LIC# : KW-06017879, Build:20.22.6.12

LUND OPSAHL LLC

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2022

**DESCRIPTION:** Existing Trellis Footing

**DESIGN SUMMARY**

Design N.G.

	Min. Ratio	Item	Applied	Capacity	Governing Load Combination
<b>FAIL</b>	Ecc>L/2	Soil Bearing	2.514 ksf	2.50 ksf	+D+0.70E about Z-Z axis
<b>PASS</b>	n/a	Overturing - X-X	0.0 k-ft	0.0 k-ft	No Overturing
<b>FAIL</b>	0.9931	Overturing - Z-Z	2.520 k-ft	2.503 k-ft	+D+0.70E
<b>PASS</b>	n/a	Sliding - X-X	0.0 k	0.0 k	No Sliding
<b>PASS</b>	n/a	Sliding - Z-Z	0.0 k	0.0 k	No Sliding
<b>PASS</b>	n/a	Uplift	0.0 k	0.0 k	No Uplift
<b>PASS</b>	0.005631	Z Flexure (+X)	0.1318 k-ft/ft	23.414 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S
<b>PASS</b>	0.005631	Z Flexure (-X)	0.1318 k-ft/ft	23.414 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S
<b>PASS</b>	0.005631	X Flexure (+Z)	0.1318 k-ft/ft	23.414 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S
<b>PASS</b>	0.005631	X Flexure (-Z)	0.1318 k-ft/ft	23.414 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S
<b>PASS</b>	n/a	1-way Shear (+X)	0.0 psi	82.158 psi	n/a
<b>PASS</b>	0.0	1-way Shear (-X)	0.0 psi	0.0 psi	n/a
<b>PASS</b>	n/a	1-way Shear (+Z)	0.0 psi	82.158 psi	n/a
<b>PASS</b>	n/a	1-way Shear (-Z)	0.0 psi	82.158 psi	n/a
<b>PASS</b>	n/a	2-way Punching	1.259 psi	82.158 psi	+1.20D+1.60S

**Detailed Results**

**Soil Bearing**

Rotation Axis & Load Combination...	Gross Allowable	Xeccc	Zeccc (in)	Actual Soil Bearing Stress @ Location				Actual / Allow Ratio
				Bottom, -Z	Top, +Z	Left, -X	Right, +X	
X-X, D Only	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.6256	0.6256	n/a	n/a	0.250
X-X, +D+S	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.9694	0.9694	n/a	n/a	0.388
X-X, +D+0.750S	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.8834	0.8834	n/a	n/a	0.353
X-X, +D+0.70E	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.6256	0.6256	n/a	n/a	0.250
X-X, +D+0.750S+0.5250E	2.50	n/a	0.0	0.8834	0.8834	n/a	n/a	0.353
Z-Z, D Only	2.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.6256	0.6256	0.250
Z-Z, +D+S	2.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.9694	0.9694	0.388
Z-Z, +D+0.750S	2.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.8834	0.8834	0.353
Z-Z, +D+0.70E	2.50	> L/2	n/a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000
Z-Z, +D+0.750S+0.5250E	2.50	6.418	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.0	2.514	1.006



# FOOTING DESIGN

## COLUMN FOOTING DESIGN

### GIVEN:

$$q_a = 2500 \text{ psf} \quad [\text{ASSUMED FROM 1989 GEORGE SUYAMA (E) DRAWINGS}]$$

$$f'_c = 3,000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_y = 60,000 \text{ psi}$$

### TRELLIS FOOTINGS:

#### LOADS:

$$D = 1.83^k \quad [UNFACTORED]$$

$$S = 1.96^k$$

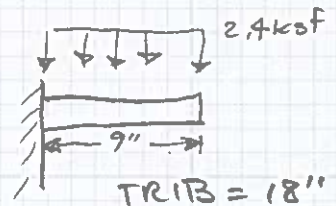
#### REQUIRED AREA OF FOOTING:

$$\frac{DL+SL}{q_a} = \frac{1.83+1.96}{2500} = 1.516 \text{ ft}^2 \Rightarrow \text{TRY } 1.5' \times 1.5' \text{ SQUARE FOOTING}$$

#### DEMAND:

$$q_{nu} = \frac{1.2DL+1.6SL}{1.5' \times 1.5'} = 2.4 \text{ ksf}$$

$$M_u = \frac{q_{nu}(TRIB)^2}{2} = \frac{2.4 \left(\frac{18}{12}\right)^2}{2} = 1.01 \text{ kip-ft}$$



#### DESIGN:

$$\text{TRY } h=12", \quad d=8.5"$$

$$A_s \geq \frac{M_u}{\phi F_y j d} = \frac{1.01(12)}{0.9(60)(0.95)(8.5)} = 0.028 \text{ in}^2$$

#### CHECK MIN REINF:

$$A_{s,min} = 0.0018 A_g = 12" \times 18" = 0.389 \text{ in}^2 \leftarrow \text{GOVERNS}$$

$\therefore$  <sup>MIN.</sup> TRELLIS FOOTING, USE  $\sqrt{}$  12" DEEP, 1/2 FOOT SQUARE COLUMN WITH (3) #4 BARS EACH WAY @ BOTTOM FACE

$$\rightarrow A_s = 0.6 \text{ in}^2$$

## COLUMN FOOTING DESIGN [CONT'D]

### DECK FOOTINGS:

LOADS:

$$D = 2.45^k$$

$$L = 3.49^k$$

$$S = 1.75^k$$

$$D + L = 5.94^k$$

$$D + 0.75L + 0.75S = 6.38^k \leftarrow \text{GOVERNS}$$

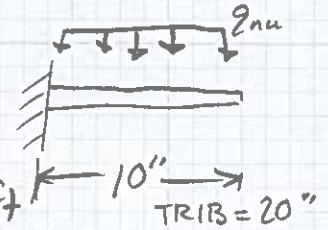
REQUIRED AREA:

$$\frac{6.38^k}{2.5^k \text{sf}} = 2.55 \text{ ft}^2 \Rightarrow \text{NEED MIN } 20'' \text{ SQUARE MIN}$$

DEMAND:

$$q_{nu} = \frac{1.2DL + 1.6LL}{19'' \times 19''} = 3.1 \text{ ksf}$$

$$M_u = \frac{q_{nu}(\text{TRIB})^2}{2} = \frac{3.1 \left(\frac{20}{12}\right) \left(\frac{10}{12}\right)^2}{2} = 1.79 \text{ kip}\cdot\text{ft}$$



DESIGN:

$$\text{TRY } h = 12'', d = 8.5''$$

$$A_s \geq \frac{M_u}{\phi_f y_j d} = \frac{1.79(12)}{0.9(60)(0.95)(8.5)} = 0.0493 \text{ in}^2$$

CHECK MIN  $A_s$ :

$$A_{s, \text{min}} = 0.0018 A_g = 0.0018(20'')(12'') = 0.43 \text{ in}^2 \leftarrow \text{GOVERNS}$$

DECK FOOTING NEEDS MIN 12" DEEP,  
20" SQUARE FOOTING WITH (3)#4 EA. WAY  
@ BOTTOM FACE



# SEISMIC LOADS



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**ASCE 7-16 Seismic Loading Analysis - Assessment of Ground Motion Hazard Analysis Requirement**

Risk Category	<b>II</b>	<i>[IBC Tab. 1604.5]</i>
Site Class	<b>D (Default)</b>	<i>[ASCE 7 Ch. 20]</i>
$S_s$	<b>1.379</b> (g)	<i>[IBC Fig. 1613.2.1(1)-(2)] or</i>
$S_1$	<b>0.481</b> (g)	<i>[ASCE7 Online Hazard Tool]</i>
Structural Height, $h_n$	<b>25.00</b> (ft)	<i>[Sec. 12.8.2.1]</i>
$T_L$	<b>6.00</b> (sec)	<i>[Fig. 22-14]</i>

Loading **X-Direction**

Lateral System **A. BEARING WALL SYSTEMS**

**15. Light-framed (wood) walls sheathed with wood structural panels rated for shear resistance**

Loading **Y-Direction**

Lateral System **A. BEARING WALL SYSTEMS**

**15. Light-framed (wood) walls sheathed with wood structural panels rated for shear resistance**

Using Equivalent Lateral Force procedure for Analysis? **YES**

**11.4.8 Site-Specific Ground Motion Procedures**

Seismically Isolated or Damping Systems?	<b>NO</b>	<i>[ASCE7 11.4.8(1)]</i>
& $S_1 \geq 0.6$ ?	<b>NO</b>	
Site Class E & $S_s \geq 1.0$ ?	<b>NO</b>	<i>[ASCE7 11.4.8(2)]</i>
Site Class [D or E] & $S_1 \geq 0.2$ ?	<b>YES</b>	<i>[ASCE7 11.4.8(3)]</i>

Conclusion: **See Exceptions Below**

**11.4.8 EXCEPTIONS (to performing ground motion hazard analysis)**

<b>1</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A; Continue to Next Sheet</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Exempt:</b>	<b>Cs Is Evaluated per 11.4.8 Exception (2); Continue to Next Sheet</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A; Continue to Next Sheet</b>

## BUILDING WEIGHT FOR SEISMIC

### ROOF:

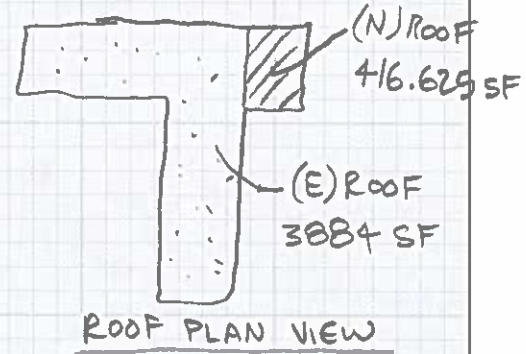
ROOF WT: 18 psf

(E) ROOF WT = 18(3884) = 69.9 kip

(N) ROOF WT = 18(416.6) = 7.5 kip

### UPPER FLOOR

FLOOR WT = 18 psf x 1835 SF = 33.0<sup>k</sup>



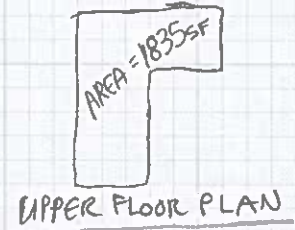
### WALLS

WALL WT = 12 psf

TRIB TO ROOF:

(E) WALL = 250 LF x 12 psf x  $\frac{9.5'}{2}$  = 14.3<sup>k</sup>

(N) WALL = 50 LF x 12 psf x  $9.5/2$  = 2.8<sup>k</sup>



TRIB TO UPPER FLOOR:

(E) WALL = 200 LF x 12 psf x  $\left[\frac{9.5'}{2} + \frac{11.33'}{2}\right]$  = 25.0<sup>k</sup>

(N) WALL = 50 LF x 12 psf x  $9.5/2$  = 2.8<sup>k</sup>

## BUILDING SEISMIC WEIGHT

(E) ROOF = 69.9<sup>k</sup>

(N) ROOF = 7.5<sup>k</sup>

TOTAL ROOF = 77.4<sup>k</sup>

(E) UPPER = 58.0<sup>k</sup>

(N) UPPER = 2.8<sup>k</sup>

TOTAL UPPER = 60.8<sup>k</sup>

(E) TOTAL = 127.4<sup>k</sup>

(N) TOTAL = 10.3<sup>k</sup>

TOTAL = 137.7<sup>k</sup>





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# EXISTING BASE SHEAR

## Seismic Loading Analysis - Base Shear

2018 IBC (Ch. 16) & ASCE 7-16 (Ch. 11, 12, & 22), References per ASCE 7-16, UNO

### Site Specific Criteria:

Risk Category	II	[IBC Tab. 1604.5]	$F_a$	1.20	[IBC Tab. 1613.2.3(1)]
Site Class	D (Default)	[ASCE 7 Ch. 20]	$F_v$	1.82	[IBC Tab. 1613.2.3(2)]
Design Category	D	[Table 11.6-1 and 2]	$S_{MS}$	1.655 (g)	[IBC Eqn. 16-36]
$S_s$	1.379 (g)	[IBC Fig. 1613.2.1(1)-(2)] or	$S_{M1}$	0.875 (g)	[IBC Eqn. 16-37]
$S_1$	0.481 (g)	[ASCE7 Online Hazard Tool]	$S_{DS}$	1.103 (g)	[IBC Eqn. 16-38]
$I_e$	1.00	[Tab. 1.5-2]	$S_{D1}$	0.583 (g)	[IBC Eqn. 16-39]

### Equivalent Lateral Force Procedure - X-and Y-Direction

[Sec. 12.8]

Loading X-and Y-Direction

Lateral System A. BEARING WALL SYSTEMS

[Tab. 12.2-1] 15. Light-framed (wood) walls sheathed with wood structural panels rated for shear resistance

$C_t$	0.02	[Tab. 12.8-2]	$C_s$	0.170	[Eqn. 12.8-2]
$x$	0.75	[Tab. 12.8-2]	$C_{s, max}$	0.401	[Eqn. 12.8-3]
$h_n$	25.0 (ft)	[Sec. 12.8.2.1]	$C_{s, min}$	0.049	[Eqn. 12.8-4]
$h_{limit}$	65 (ft)	[Tab. 12.2-1]	$C_{s, design}$	0.170	[Controlling $C_s$ ; See also 11.4.8 Exceptions]
$T_a$	0.224 (sec)	[Eqn. 12.8-7]	$k$	1	[Sec. 12.8.3]
$C_u$	1.4	[Tab. 12.8-1]	Seismic Weight, $W$	142 (kip)	[Sec. 12.8.1 & 12.7.2]
$T_{MODAL}$	- (sec)	[Sec. 12.8.2]	<b>Base Shear, <math>V</math></b>	24 (kip)	[Eqn. 12.8-1]
$T$	0.224 (sec)	[Sec. 12.8.2]			
$T_L$	6.00 (sec)	[Fig. 22-14]			
$T_s$	0.529 (sec)	[Sec. 11.4.6]			
$R$	6.5	[Tab. 12.2-1]			
$\Omega_0$	3	[Tab. 12.2-1]			
$C_d$	4	[Tab. 12.2-1]			

### Vertical Distribution of Forces

Level	$w_x$ (kip)	$h_x$ (ft)	$w_x h_x^k$ (kip-ft)	$C_{vx}$ [Eqn. 12.8-12]	$F_x$ (kip)	$V_x$ (kip)	$F_{px}$ (kip)	$F_{px}/F_x$
Roof	84	25.0	2105	0.694	17	17	19	1.11
Upper	58	16.0	928	0.306	7	24	13	1.73
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
Sum	142		3033	1.000	24			



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## NEW BASE SHEAR

### Seismic Loading Analysis - Base Shear

2018 IBC (Ch. 16) & ASCE 7-16 (Ch. 11, 12, & 22), References per ASCE 7-16, UNO

#### Site Specific Criteria:

Risk Category	II	[IBC Tab. 1604.5]	$F_a$	1.20	[IBC Tab. 1613.2.3(1)]
Site Class	D (Default)	[ASCE 7 Ch. 20]	$F_v$	1.82	[IBC Tab. 1613.2.3(2)]
Design Category	D	[Table 11.6-1 and 2]	$S_{MS}$	1.655 (g)	[IBC Eqn. 16-36]
$S_s$	1.379 (g)	[IBC Fig. 1613.2.1(1)-(2)] or	$S_{M1}$	0.875 (g)	[IBC Eqn. 16-37]
$S_1$	0.481 (g)	[ASCE7 Online Hazard Tool]	$S_{DS}$	1.103 (g)	[IBC Eqn. 16-38]
$I_e$	1.00	[Tab. 1.5-2]	$S_{D1}$	0.583 (g)	[IBC Eqn. 16-39]

#### Equivalent Lateral Force Procedure - X-and Y-Direction

[Sec. 12.8]

Loading X-and Y-Direction

Lateral System A. BEARING WALL SYSTEMS

[Tab. 12.2-1] 15. Light-framed (wood) walls sheathed with wood structural panels rated for shear resistance

$C_t$	0.02	[Tab. 12.8-2]	$C_s$	0.170	[Eqn. 12.8-2]
$x$	0.75	[Tab. 12.8-2]	$C_{s,max}$	0.401	[Eqn. 12.8-3]
$h_n$	25.0 (ft)	[Sec. 12.8.2.1]	$C_{s,min}$	0.049	[Eqn. 12.8-4]
$h_{limit}$	65 (ft)	[Tab. 12.2-1]	$C_{s,min}$	0.049	[Eqn. 12.8-5]
$T_a$	0.224 (sec)	[Eqn. 12.8-7]	$C_{s,min}$	0.049	[Eqn. 12.8-6]
$C_u$	1.4	[Tab. 12.8-1]	$C_{s,design}$	0.170	[Controlling $C_s$ ; See also 11.4.8 Exceptions]
$T_{MODAL}$	- (sec)	[Sec. 12.8.2]	$k$	1	[Sec. 12.8.3]
$T$	0.224 (sec)	[Sec. 12.8.2]			
$T_L$	6.00 (sec)	[Fig. 22-14]			
$T_s$	0.529 (sec)	[Sec. 11.4.6]			
$R$	6.5	[Tab. 12.2-1]	Seismic Weight, $W$	155 (kip)	[Sec. 12.8.1 & 12.7.2]
$\Omega_0$	3	[Tab. 12.2-1]	<b>Base Shear, <math>V</math></b>	26 (kip)	[Eqn. 12.8-1]
$C_d$	4	[Tab. 12.2-1]			

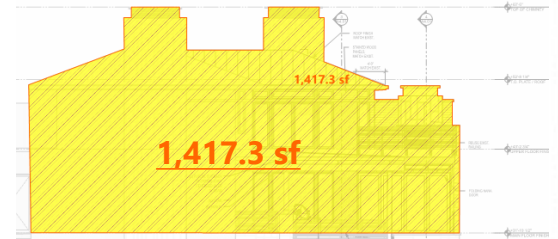
#### Vertical Distribution of Forces

Level	$w_x$ (kip)	$h_x$ (ft)	$w_x h_x^k$ (kip-ft)	$C_{vx}$ [Eqn. 12.8-12]	$F_x$ [Eqn. 12.8-11] (kip)	$V_x$ [Eqn. 12.8-13] (kip)	$F_{px}$ [Eqn. 12.10-1,-2,-3] (kip)	$F_{px}/F_x$
Roof	95	25.0	2363	0.708	19	19	21	1.12
Jpper flc	61	16.0	973	0.292	8	26	13	1.74
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
			0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00
Sum	155		3335	1.000	26			

## Wind Base Shear, E-W Direction

Conservatively say...

$$p_{\text{net}} = 17.8 \text{ psf (see MWFRS calc)} \\ \text{at each wall.}$$



East elevation

Wind base shear,  $V$

$$V = 17.8 \text{ psf (1417.3 SF)} = 25.2 \text{ kip (ULT)}$$

From seismic base shear calc,  $V = 26.0 \text{ kip (ULT)}$

Therefore, seismic governs

IN N-S DIRECTION, WIND BASE SHEAR IS NOMINALLY AFFECTED BY THE NEW CONSTRUCTION,  $\therefore$  DOES NOT NEED TO BE CHECKED — SEISMIC WILL GOVERN

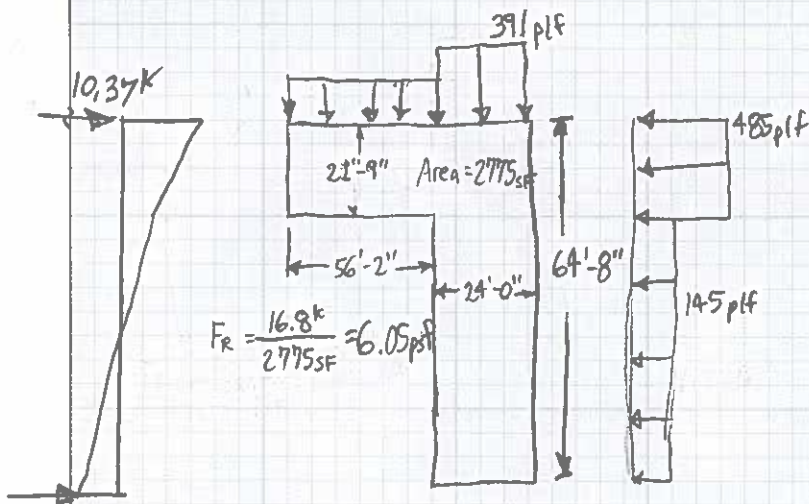
### (E) SEISMIC LOAD DISTRIBUTION

$W = 142.2k$

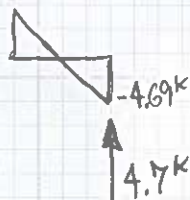
$C_s = 0.170$

$V = 24.2k$

	$W_x$ (kip)	$h_x$ (ft)	$W_x h_x$ (kip-ft)	$C_{vx}$	$F_x$ (kip)	$V_x$ (kip)	$F_{px}$ (kip)	$F_{px}/F_x$
ROOF	84.2	25	2105	0.694	16.8	16.8	18.6	1.11
UPPER	58.0	16	928	0.306	7.4	24.2	12.8	1.73
	<u>142.2</u>		<u>3033</u>		<u>24.2</u>			



ROOF LEVEL  
SHEAR DIAGRAMS

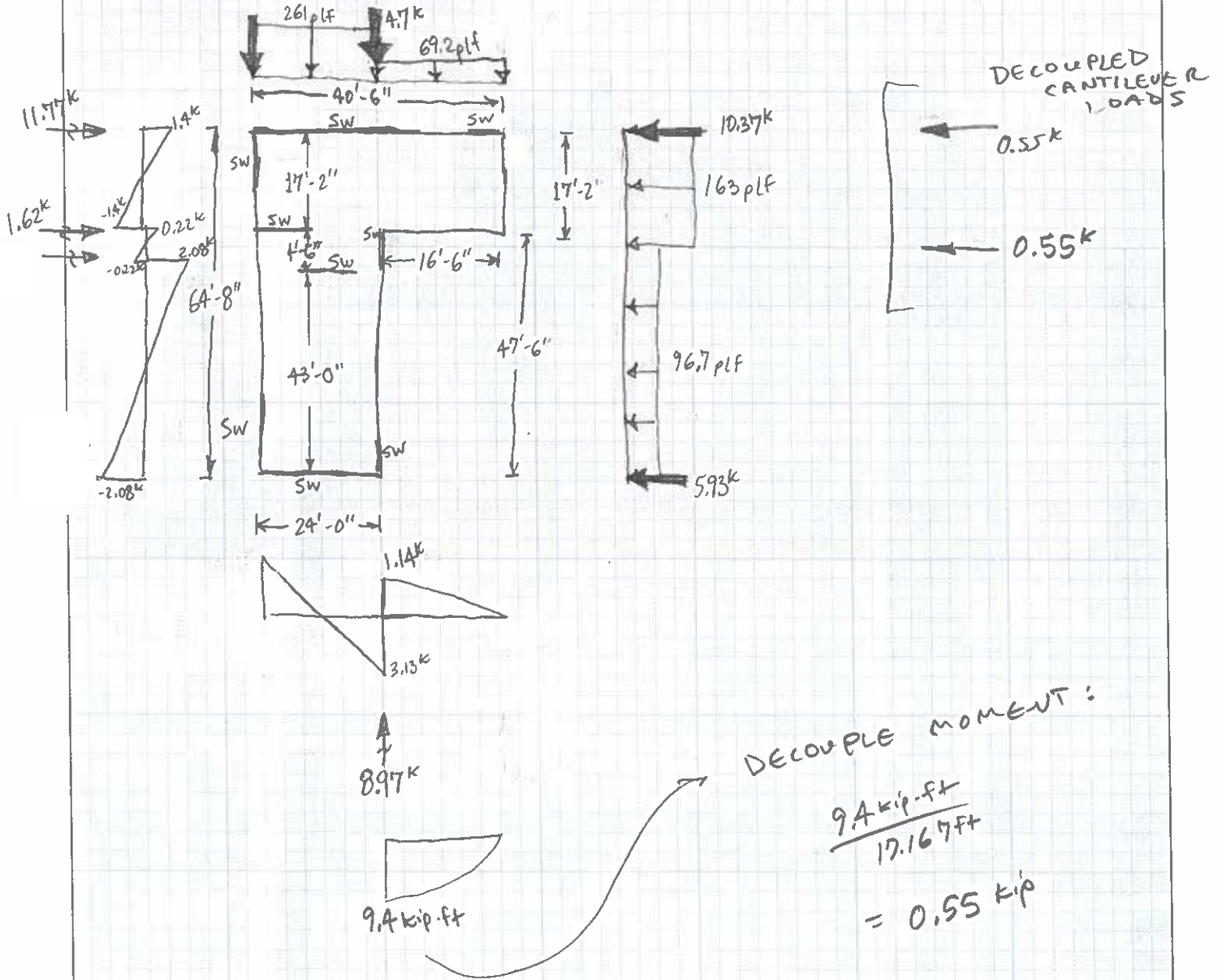


LOADS SHOWN ARE UNFACTORED ELF FORCES PER ACE7-16 SEC 12.8.3/12.8.4

### (E) SEISMIC LOAD DISTRIBUTION - (CONT'D)

#### UPPER FLOOR SHEAR DIAGRAMS

$$F_2 = \frac{7.4 \text{ kip}}{1835 \text{ SF}} = 4.03 \text{ psf}$$

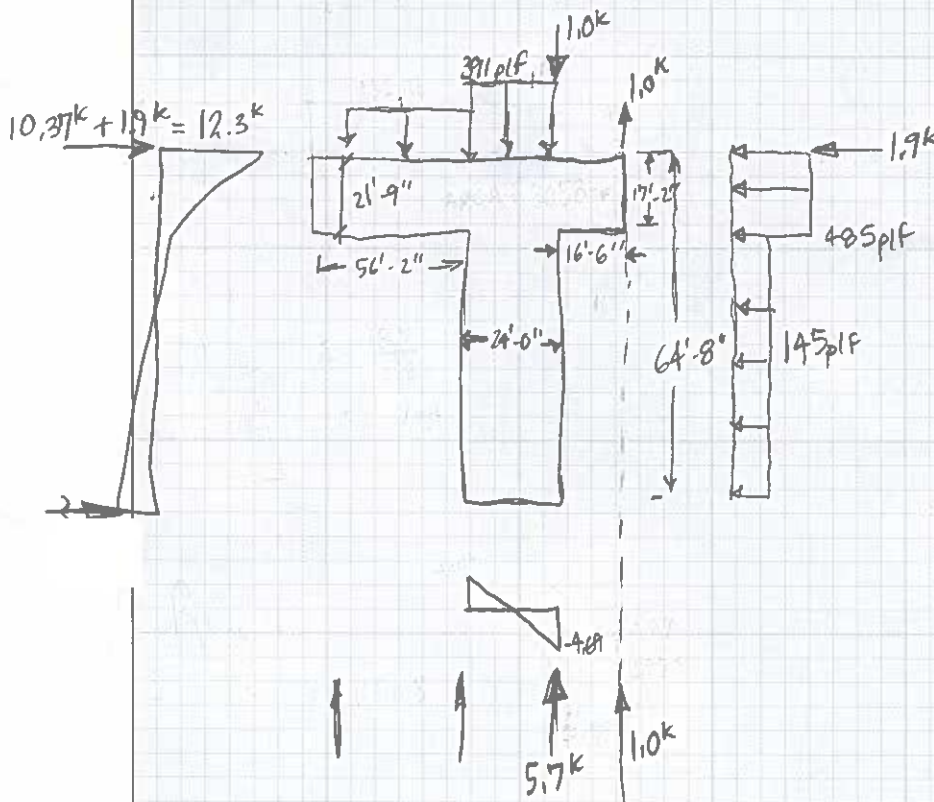


LOADS SHOWN ARE UNFACTORED ELF FORCES PER ASCE 7-16 SEC 12.8.3/12.8.4

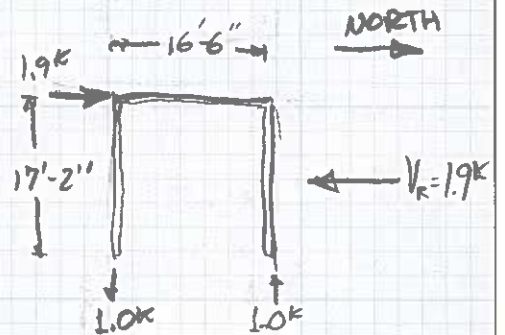
(N) SEISMIC LOAD DISTRIBUTION

$W = 155.3^k$   
 $C_s = 0.170$   
 $V = 26.4^k$

	$W_x$ (kip)	$h_x$ (ft)	$W_x h_x$ (kip-ft)	$C_{vx}$	$F_x$ (kip)	$V_x$ (kip)	$F_{px}$ (kip)	$F_{px}/F_x$
ROOF	94.5	25	2362.5	0.708	18.7	18.7	20.9	1.12
UPPER	60.8	16	972.8	0.292	7.7	26.4	13.4	1.74
	<u>155.3</u>		<u>3335.3</u>		<u>26.4</u>			



ROOF LEVEL SHEAR DIAGRAMS



NEW ROOF N-S LOADING\*

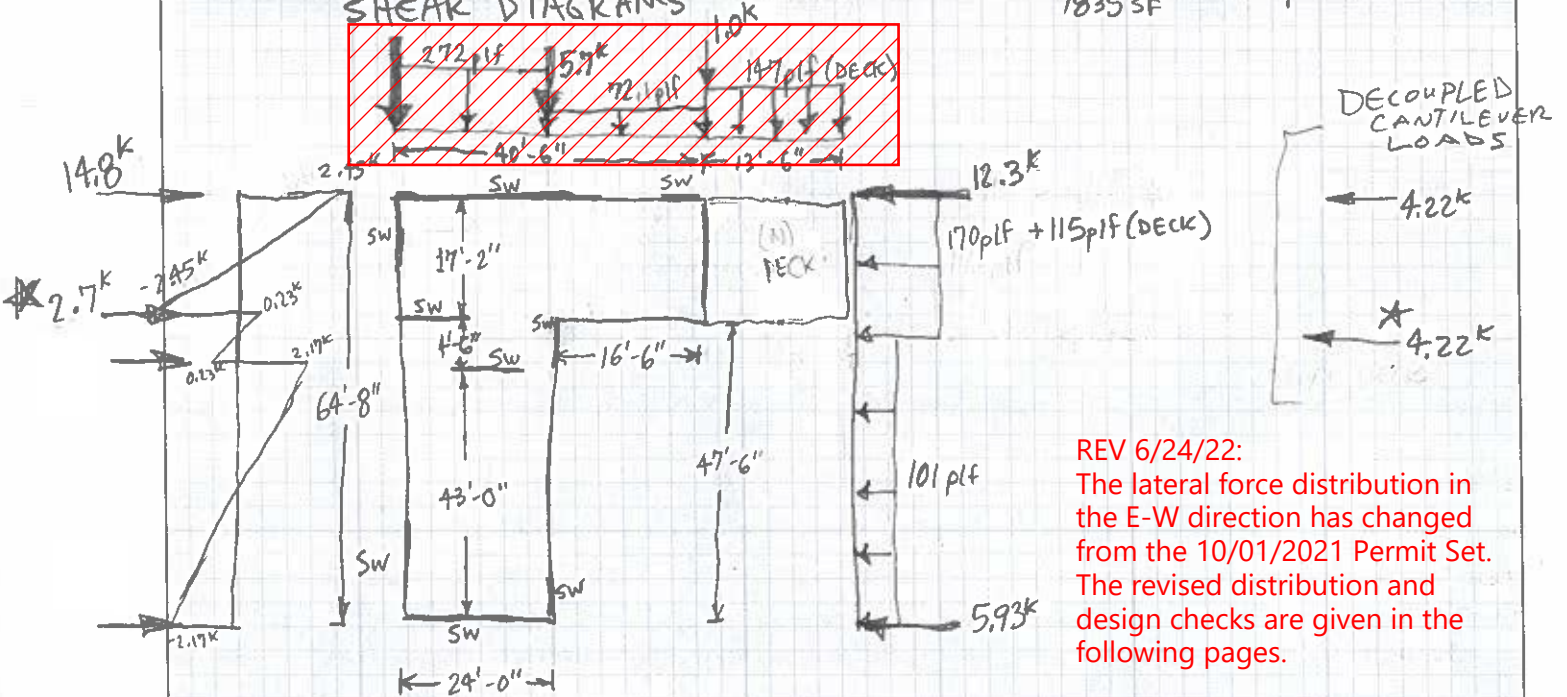
\*LOAD CONTROLS DESIGN IN E-W DIRECTION TOO

LOADS SHOWN ARE UNFACTORED ELF FORCES PER ASCE 7-16 SEC 12.8.3/12.8.4

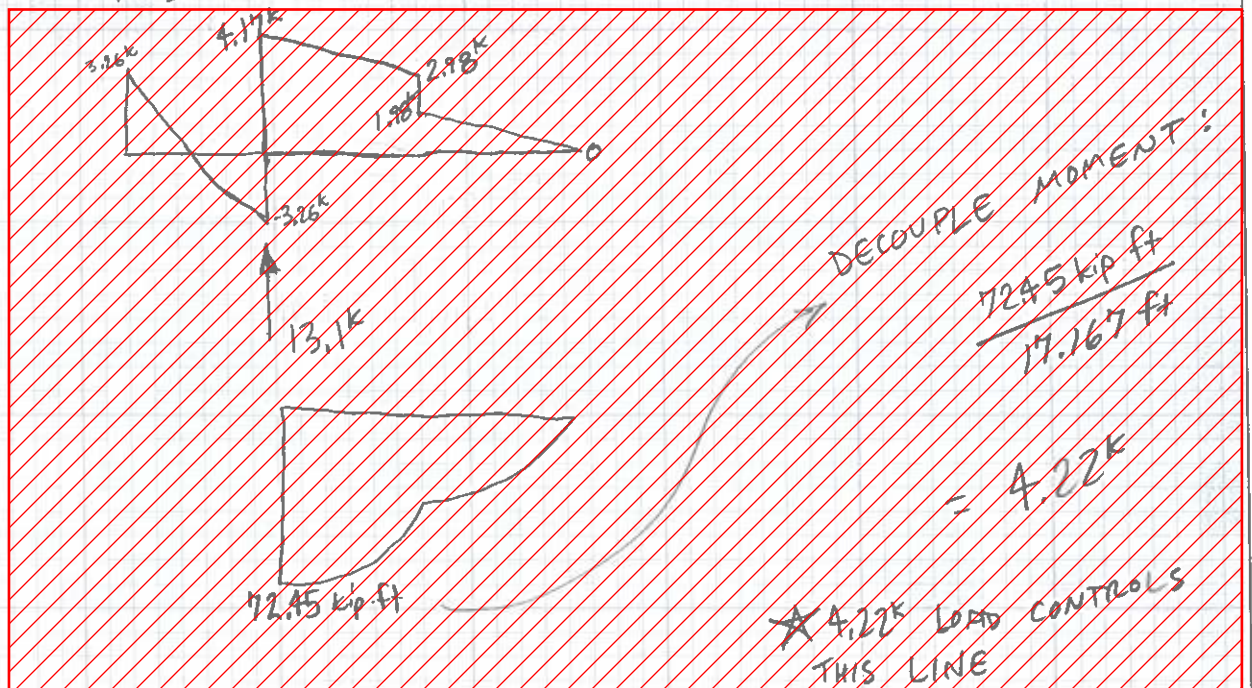
(N) SEISMIC LOAD DISTRIBUTION - (CONT'D)

UPPER FLOOR SHEAR DIAGRAMS

$$F_2 = \frac{7.7k}{1835 SF} = 4.20 psf$$



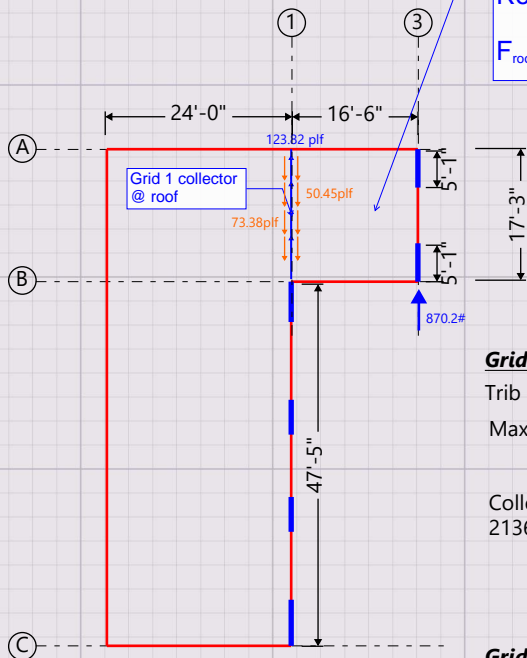
REV 6/24/22:  
 The lateral force distribution in the E-W direction has changed from the 10/01/2021 Permit Set. The revised distribution and design checks are given in the following pages.



LOADS SHOWN ARE UNFACTORED ELF FORCES PER ASCE 7-16 SEC 12.8.3/12.8.4

**Check new loading in E-W direction**

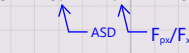
Gross Roof Area = 4301 SF (used for wt. takeoff)  
 (E) roof area = 3884 SF  
 (N) add'l roof area = 417 SF  
**Roof Area = 3058 SF (used for load distribution)**  
 $F_{roof, (psf)} = 18.7 \text{ kip} / 3058 \text{ SF} = 6.114608 \text{ psf (ULT)}$



**Grid 1 collector (west of Grid B)**

Trib area =  $(24'/2 + 16.5'/2) \times (17.25') = 20.25' \times 17.25' = 349.31 \text{ SF}$   
 Max load =  $349.31 \text{ SF} \times 6.114608 \text{ psf} = \mathbf{2136\# (ULT)}$   
 = 123.8 plf

Collector design:  
 $2136\# \times 0.7 \times 1.12 = 1675\# (ASD)$



Use DSC2R/L-SDS3 (Allowable load = 2,590#)

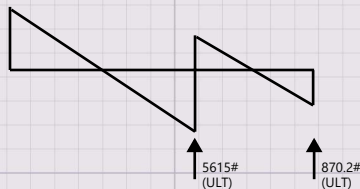
**Grid 1 (east of Grid B)**

Trib area =  $(24'/2) \times (47.417') = 569.0 \text{ SF}$   
 Load to wall =  $569.0 \text{ SF} \times 6.114608 \text{ psf} = \mathbf{3479\# (ULT)}$

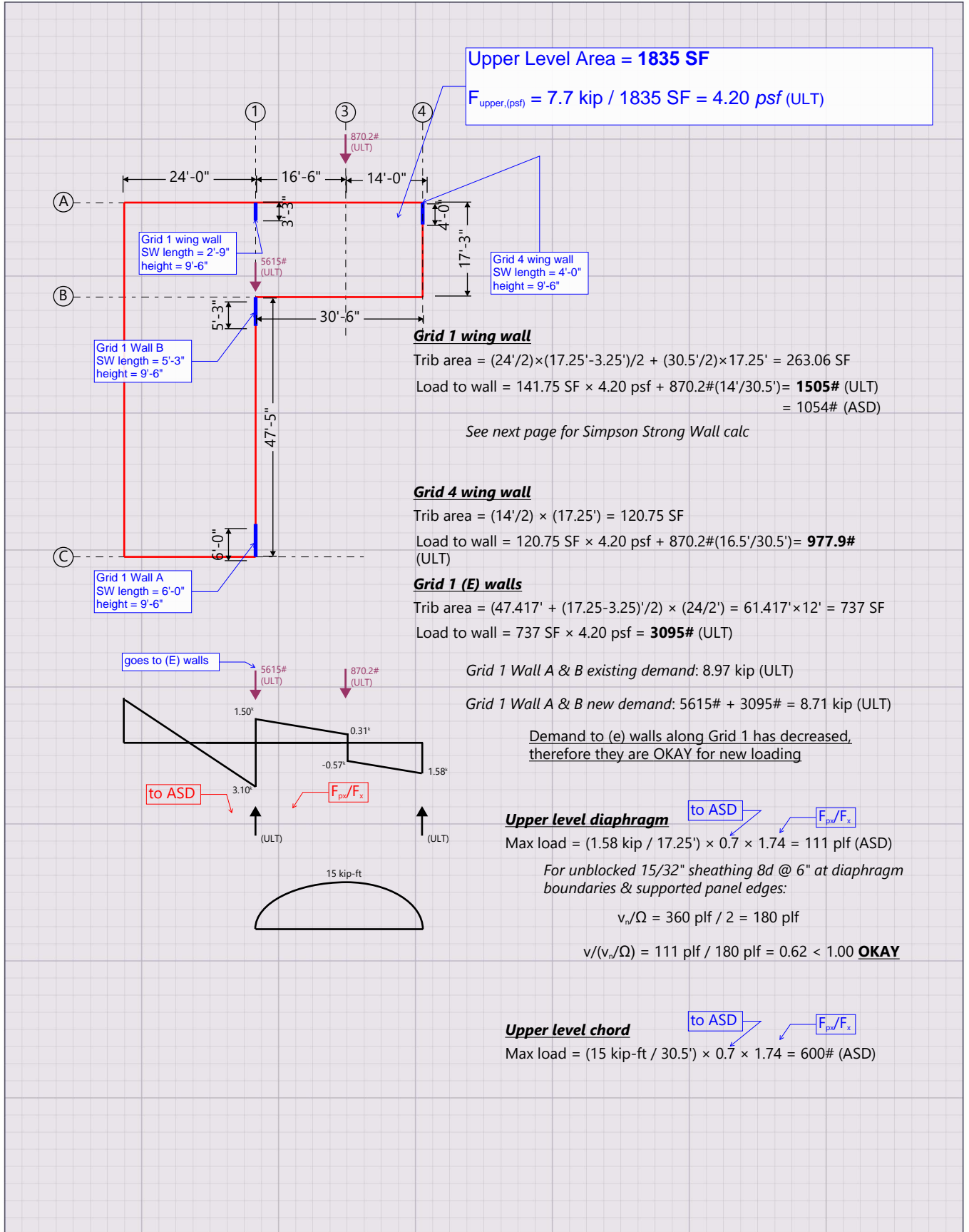
**Grid 3**

Trib area =  $(16.5'/2) \times (17.25') = 8.25' \times 17.25' = 142.31 \text{ SF}$   
 Load to wall =  $142.31 \text{ SF} \times 6.114608 \text{ psf} = \mathbf{870.2\# (ULT)}$

See for shearwall calc









Project \_\_\_\_\_ Sheet \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subject \_\_\_\_\_  
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 Designer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
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Allowable deflection =  $0.02h = 0.02(9.25)(12) = 2.28''$

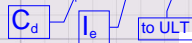
**Grid 1 wing wall: Simpson Strong Wall**

Load to wall = 1054# (ASD) Use WSWH24x10

Allowable shear = 1,950#

Uplift =  $[(1054\# \times 117.25'') / 17.5''] = 7.1 \text{ kip (ASD)}$

Amplified deflection =  $(1054/1950) \times 0.50'' \times 4.0 / 1.0 / 0.7 = 1.54'' < 2.28''$



ASD IN-PLANE SHEAR (lb.) for WSWH installed on SolidStart® LSL, TimberStrand® LSL or Parallam® PSL (prior to adjustments for beam deflection)

Model ID	Height, h (in.)	Seismic Design		Wind Design	
		Allowable Shear, V (lb.)	Drift at Allowable Shear (in.)	Allowable Shear, V (lb.)	Drift at Allowable Shear (in.)
WSWH12x8	93%	610	0.42	750	0.53
WSWH18x8	93%	1,555	0.42	1,810	0.51
WSWH24x8	93%	2,560	0.39	3,095	0.50
WSWH12x9	105%	520	0.47	640	0.60
WSWH18x9	105%	1,290	0.47	1,545	0.58
WSWH24x9	105%	2,215	0.44	2,680	0.56
WSWH12x10	117%	430	0.52	550	0.67
WSWH18x10	117%	1,140	0.52	1,375	0.65
WSWH24x10	117%	1,950	0.50	2,355	0.62
WSWH18x11	129%	910	0.58	1,155	0.73
WSWH24x11	129%	1,670	0.56	2,010	0.69
WSWH18x12	144	810	0.63	1,030	0.80
WSWH24x12	144	1,505	0.61	1,815	0.75

- Allowable load shall be reduced as required due to added horizontal deflection of the panel from beam vertical deflection.
- Anchor rod tension at design shear load and including the effect of axial load may be determined using the following equation:

$T = [(V \times h) / B] - P/2$

Where:

T = Anchor rod tension load (lb.)  
 h = Strong-Wall® WSWH height (in.)  
 B = Moment arm, centerline of anchor bolt to center of compression area (in.)  
 V = ASD Design shear load (lb.)  
 P = Applied axial load (lb.)  
 B Dimension: WSWH12 = 7-5/8", WSWH18 = 12-1/2", WSWH24 = 17-1/2"



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Client		Project No.
Designer	CRC	Date

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## SEISMIC WOOD SHEAR WALL DESIGN

Wall ID: Wing Wall (Grid 4)

### INPUTS

#### Level 1

$L_{wall}$	4.00 ft	
$V_1$	1103.2 lb	Story Force, lbs [Input ASD Load]
$H_1$	9.5 ft	
DL	1611.0 lbs	[Input dead load (trib load and total wall weight)]
Aspect Ratio	2.38	
Aspect Reduction	0.95	
$0.6 * M_{DL}$	1449.9 lb-ft	
M	10480.4 lb-ft	

#### Deflection Amplification

#### Seismic Importance Factor

$C_d$	4.0	$I_e$	1.0
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### Level 1

Unit shear	276 plf	Shear wall nailing:	SW6	Capacity = 1,468 plf
Strap Hold Down Force	3010 lbs	Nailing Override	SW2-2	DCR = 19%
Compression force	4299 lbs	Strap:	CMSTC16	Capacity = 4,585 lb
$\delta_{1e}$ (cumulative story deflectio	0.55 in	Strap Override	CMSTC16	DCR = 66%
Amplified Deflection, $\delta_1$	2.21 in	Holdown:	HDU2	Capacity = 9,535 lb
		Holdown Override:	HDU11	DCR = 32%
		Compression Post	(3)2x4	Capacity = ##### lb
		Post Override	(4)2x6	DCR = 21%
		$\Delta_{allow} =$	2.28 in	Story Drift Status: OK

### CALCULATIONS

#### Level 1 Deflection Calculations:

$F_b$	$F_t$	$F_v$	$F_{c_{perp}}$	$F_c$	E	$E_{min}$	
DFL #1	1000	800	180	625	1400	1600000	580000

E	1,600,000 psi	$F_c^*$	2240 psi
A	33.00 in <sup>2</sup>	FCE	1109.73 psi
$G_a$	46 kips/in	l/d	20.7273
$\Delta_a$	0.043 in		0.93463
Shrinkage	0.142 in	$C_p$	0.43038
$f_{c_{perp}}$	130 psi	$F'_c$	24814.6 lbs
$\Delta_{crushing}$	0.008 in	$F'_c$ perp	20625 lbs
$\delta_{sw}$	0.554 in		



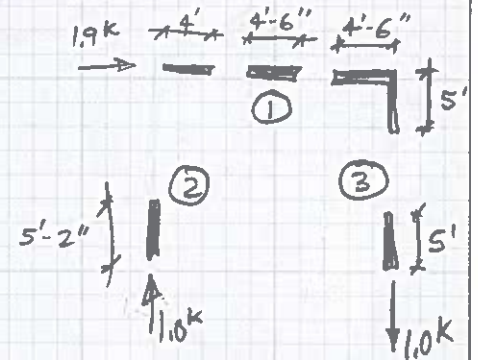
## DESIGN OF (N) SWs @ ROOF LEVEL

### DEMANDS:

$$\text{WALL ①: } 1.9\text{k}(0.7) / 13\text{ft} = 102\text{plf}$$

$$\text{WALL ②: } 1.0\text{k}(0.7) / 5.167\text{ft} = 135\text{plf}$$

$$\text{WALL ③: } 1.0\text{k}(0.7) / 10\text{ft} = 70\text{plf}$$



PLAN VIEW @ (N) ROOF

\*LOADS ARE UNFACTORED

FOR ALL WALLS, DEMAND IS

LESS THAN 310 plf,  $\therefore$  SWG

IS OKAY FOR DESIGN

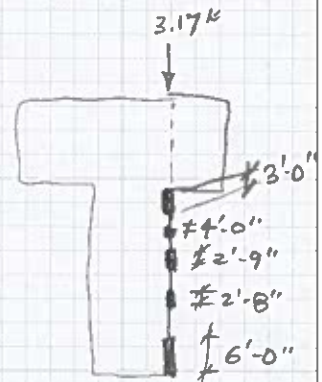
# CHECK (E) SHEAR WALLS @ ROOF FOR NEW DEMAND ALONG NORTH WALL LINE

Existing seismic forces reduced to 75% of IBC values per IEBC 303.3.2

$$(E) \text{ DEMAND} = 4.7\text{k} (0.7)(0.75) = 2.47\text{k}$$

$$(N) \text{ ADDITIONAL DEMAND} = 1.0\text{k} (0.7) = 0.70\text{k}$$

$$(N) \text{ DEMAND} = 3.17\text{k} \quad (\text{ASD})$$



$$\text{LENGTH OF SW: } 18'-5''$$

$$v = 3.17\text{k} / 18.4167' = 172 \text{ plf}$$

## CAPACITY:

PER (E) DRAWINGS, WALLS ARE "SW1":

1/2" CD PLYWOOD 10d @ 6" o.c.

$$v_s = 620 \text{ plf} / 2 = 310 \text{ plf}$$

## DCR:

$$\frac{v}{v_s} = \frac{172 \text{ plf}}{310 \text{ plf}} = 0.55 < 1.00 \quad \underline{\text{OKAY}}$$

∴ (E) SWs @ ROOF OKAY FOR  
(N) LOADING

## CHECK (E) SHEARWALLS @ UPPER FLOOR FOR (N) DEMAND IN N-S DIRECTION

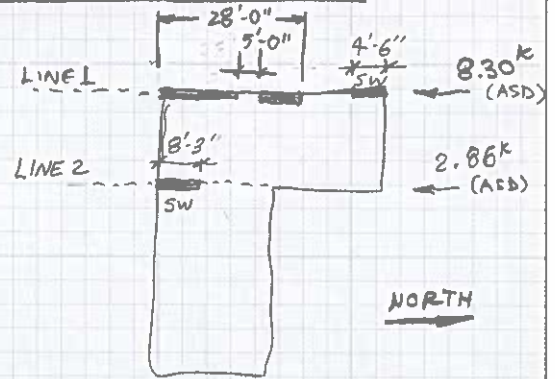
LINE 1:

Existing seismic forces reduced to 75% of IBC values per IBC 303.3.2

$$(E) \text{ DEMAND} = 11.77k(0.7)(0.75) = 6.18k$$

$$(N) \text{ ADD'L DEMAND} = 3.03k(0.7) = 2.12k$$

$$(N) \text{ DEMAND} = 8.30k \text{ (ASD)}$$



LENGTH OF SW @ LINE 1: 27'-6"

$$v = 8.30k / 27.5ft = 302 \text{ plf}$$

CAPACITY:

$$v_s = 460 \text{ plf (SW4)}$$

$$v/v_s = \frac{302}{460} = 0.66 < 1.00 \quad \checkmark \text{OKAY}$$

\*LINE 2:

$$(E) \text{ DEMAND} = 0.55k(0.7)(0.75) = 0.29k$$

$$(N) \text{ ADD'L DEMAND} = 3.67k(0.7) = 2.57k$$

$$(N) \text{ DEMAND} = 2.86k \text{ (ASD)}$$

\* LINE 2 CONTROLLED BY E-W LOADING

LENGTH OF SW @ LINE 2: 8'-3"

$$v = 2.57k / 8.25' = 312 \text{ plf}$$

CAPACITY:

$$v_s = 310 \text{ plf [VERY CONSERVATIVE - ACTUAL CONDITION IS SW6-2]}$$

$$v/v_s = 312/310 = 1.01 > 1.00, \text{ BUT OKAY B/C SW IS MUCH STRONGER THAN } v_s = 310 \text{ plf}$$

∴ (E) SWs @ UPPER FLOOR IN N-S DIRECTION OKAY



**PLANTER WALL**



Title Block Line 1  
You can change this area  
using the "Settings" menu item  
and then using the "Printing &  
Title Block" selection.  
Title Block Line 6

Project Title:  
Engineer:  
Project ID:  
Project Descr:

Printed: 30 SEP 2021, 11:36AM

### Cantilevered Retaining Wall

File: Harris.ec6  
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LUND OPSAHL LLC

Lic. #: KW-06004202

DESCRIPTION: CMU Planter Wall and Footing

Calculations per ACI 318-14, TMS 402-16, IBC 2018,  
CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16

#### Criteria

Retained Height	=	6.00 ft
Wall height above soil	=	0.00 ft
Slope Behind Wall	=	0.00 : 1
Height of Soil over Toe	=	0.00 in
Water height over heel	=	0.0 ft
Vertical component of active Lateral soil pressure options:		
NOT USED for Soil Pressure.		
NOT USED for Sliding Resistance.		
NOT USED for Overturning Resistance.		

#### Soil Data

Allow Soil Bearing	=	2,500.0 psf
Equivalent Fluid Pressure Method		
Heel Active Pressure	=	35.0 psf/ft
Toe Active Pressure	=	35.0 psf/ft
Passive Pressure	=	200.0 psf/ft
Soil Density, Heel	=	135.00 pcf
Soil Density, Toe	=	135.00 pcf
Friction Coeff btwn Ftg & Soil	=	0.400
Soil height to ignore for passive pressure	=	12.00 in

#### Design Summary

Wall Stability Ratios		
Overturning	=	3.40 OK
Sliding	=	1.53 OK
Total Bearing Load	=	3,294 lbs
...resultant ecc.	=	2.78 in
Soil Pressure @ Toe	=	958 psf OK
Soil Pressure @ Heel	=	506 psf OK
Allowable	=	2,500 psf
Soil Pressure Less Than Allowable		
ACI Factored @ Toe	=	1,150 psf
ACI Factored @ Heel	=	607 psf
Footing Shear @ Toe	=	6.1 psi OK
Footing Shear @ Heel	=	10.7 psi OK
Allowable	=	100.6 psi
Sliding Calcs (Vertical Component NOT Used)		
Lateral Sliding Force	=	1,015.0 lbs
less 100% Passive Force	= -	236.1 lbs
less 100% Friction Force	= -	1,310.0 lbs
Added Force Req'd	=	0.0 lbs OK
....for 1.5 : 1 Stability	=	0.0 lbs OK
Load Factors		
Dead Load	=	1.200
Live Load	=	1.600
Earth, H	=	1.600
Wind, W	=	1.600
Seismic, E	=	1.000

#### Stem Construction

Design Height Above Ftg	ft =	0.00	Stem OK
Wall Material Above "Ht"	=	Masonry	
Thickness	in =	8.00	
Rebar Size	=	# 6	
Rebar Spacing	in =	16.00	
Rebar Placed at	=	Center	
Design Data			
fb/FB + fa/Fa	=	0.992	
Total Force @ Section	lbs =	630.0	
Moment....Actual	ft-l =	1,260.0	
Moment....Allowable	ft-l =	1,270.8	
Shear.....Actual	psi =	14.0	
Shear.....Allowable	psi =	38.7	
Wall Weight	psf =	84.0	
Rebar Depth 'd'	in =	3.75	
Lap splice if above	in =	54.00	
Lap splice if below	in =	9.39	
Hook embed into footing	in =	9.39	
Masonry Data			
f'm	psi =	1,500	
Fy c	psi =	32,000	
Solid Grouting	=	Yes	
Modular Ratio 'n'	=	21.48	
Short Term Factor	=	1.000	
Equiv. Solid Thick.	in =	7.60	
Masonry Block Type	=	3	
Masonry Design Method	=	ASD	

